Stockton, California

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2012

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Board of Education Stockton Unified School District Stockton, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stockton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise Stockton Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stockton Unified School District as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2012 on our consideration of Stockton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 15 and the Required Supplementary Information, such as the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule on page 58 and Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Funding Progress on page 59 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Stockton Unified School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and other supplemental information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The other supplemental information listed in the table of contents, except for the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and other supplemental information listed in the table of contents, except for the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Crowe Horwarh LLP

Crowe Horwath LLP

Sacramento, California December 13, 2012



Management's Discussion and Analysis

An overview of the Stockton Unified School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, is presented in this discussion and analysis of the District's financial position and performance.

This Management Discussion and Analysis should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, including notes and supplementary information, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- Total government-wide revenue for the 2012 fiscal year was \$384.6 million. Expenditures totaled \$360 million. Net assets increased by \$24.6 million. This represents a 9.63% increase over the prior year.
- Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased by \$25.7 million. Projects completed during the
 fiscal year included the modernization of the Walton Special Center, the construction of the Food
 Services Operations Center, and the acquisition of seven school buses.
- Construction and modernization work continued at a number of District school sites. Costs expended on projects in the construction phase totaled \$97.3 million at the end of the fiscal year.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$4.9 million due, in part, to the paying down of General Obligation Bond and Certificates of Participation debt, the payoff of the 2000 Qualified Zone Academy Bond (QZAB), and normal payments on other debt instruments. Long-term debt increases included additional postretirement healthcare benefit costs, and the accretion of interest on the Series D General Obligation Bonds from the Election of 2008.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The fund financial statements can be further broken down into three types:

- Governmental funds statements, which tell how basic services, such as regular and special education, were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary funds statements, offering short and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like a business, such as the self-insurance and retiree benefit funds.

• Fiduciary funds statements, providing information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the fiscal year

The chart below summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statements	
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District, except fiduciary activities	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses: self-insurance and retiree benefits.	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities monies.
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Statement of Cash Flows	Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities both short-term and long- term; Standard funds do not currently contain non-financial assets, though they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional non-financial factors including the condition of the District's school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are reported as Governmental activities. Most of the District's services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Funding received from the State of California through the revenue limit, along with categorical and special funding received from the federal and state governments, finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that certain revenues have been properly used.

There are three types of funds that the District utilizes:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps in the determination of whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide statements.
 - > Internal Service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities. The District currently has one internal service fund the self-insurance fund.
- Fiduciary funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. These activities are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance operations.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The computation of District net assets at June 30, 2012 and 2011 is presented by category in the table below:

	Government-W	Year Over	
	2012	2011	Year Change
Current and other assets:			
Cash	\$ 172,098,459	\$ 185,919,849	\$(13,821,390)
Receivables	87,399,041	64,927,523	22,471,518
Inventories	1,428,760	1,303,338	125,422
Other current assets	8,570,435	7,990,529	579,906
Capital assets, net of depreciation	500,705,822	474,980,242	25,725,580
Total assets	770,202,517	735,121,481	35,081,036
Long-term debt outstanding	414,162,390	419,028,137	(4,865,747)
Other liabilities	76,171,287	60,815,091	15,356,196
Total liabilities	490,333,677	479,843,228	10,490,449
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	218,203,624	188,053,290	30,150,334
Restricted	45,556,594	70,192,010	(24,635,416)
Unrestricted	16,108,622	(2,967,047)	19,075,669
Total Net Assets	<u>\$ 279,868,840</u>	\$ 255,278,253	\$ 24,590,587

Total assets increased by \$35.1 million during the 2012 fiscal year. Of this total, cash accounts decreased by \$13.8 million, receivables increased by \$22.5 million, and other assets increased by \$0.7 million. Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased by a total of \$25.7 million. Capital assets are discussed in more detail later in this Management Discussion and Analysis report.

Total liabilities increased by a net \$10.5 million. Long-term debt decreased by \$4.9 million, primarily due to paying down on General Obligation bond debt, the payoff of the Qualified Zone Academy Bond (QZAB) issued in 2000, and the normal payments on other debt instruments owed by the District. Other liabilities, which include accounts payable and deferred revenue, increased by \$15.4 million. A discussion of the District's long-term debt is included later in this report.

The difference between the \$35.1 million increase to Total assets and the \$10.5 million increase to Total liabilities results in a net \$24.6 million increase to Total Net Assets, a 9.63% change from the balance at June 30, 2011.

Changes in Net Assets

A summary of total District revenues, expenses, and change in net assets is presented in the table below.

- ALAT	Government-W	Year Over	
	2012	2011	Year Change
Revenues – Program:			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,690,589	\$ 2,088,330	\$ (397,741)
Operating Grants and Contributions	117,019,077	105,242,411	11,776,666
Capital Grants and Contributions	19,161,274		19,161,274
Revenues – General:			
Unrestricted Federal and State Aid	191,764,753	188,882,275	2,882,478
Taxes Levied for General Purposes	29,760,733	32,416,494	(2,655,761)
Taxes Levied for Debt Service	19,146,290	18,323,549	822,741
Taxes Levied for Other Purposes	590,678	613,515	(22,837)
Interest and Investment Earnings	1,980,662	2,766,128	(785,466)
Other General Revenues	3,474,433	8,612,826	(5,138,393)
Total Revenues	384,588,489	358,945,528	25,642,961
Expenses:			
Instruction	210,507,646	215,475,574	(4,967,928)
Pupil and Instructional Services	81,772,122	81,912,325	(140,203)
General Administration	15,297,348	18,669,486	(3,372,138)
Plant Services	32,919,005	35,384,773	(2,465,768)
Other Expenses	<u>19,501,781</u>	<u>17,221,703</u>	2,280,078
Total Expenses	359,997,902	368,663,861	(8,665,959)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	24,590,587	(9,718,333)	34,308,920
Net Assets, Beginning of the Year	255,278,253	264,996,586	(9,718,333)
Net Assets, End of the Year	\$ 279,868,840	\$ 255,278,253	\$ 24,590,587

For the 2012 fiscal year, total District revenues were \$384.6 million. Total District expenses were \$360 million. The difference, \$24.6 million, is an increase in District net assets, raising total net assets at June 30, 2012 to \$279.9 million.

A main source of revenue for the District is the State Aid portion of the Revenue Limit, included in the Unrestricted Federal and State Aid total. The Revenue Limit is based on Average Daily Attendance (ADA), the fractional proportion of the number of days a student attends school to the number of days the student is enrolled.

Enrollment, not including the District's dependent charter schools, declined in 2012 when compared with the prior school year. Total second month enrollment in Grades K-12 for the 2012 fiscal year was 34,929 students, a decrease of 606 students from the 2011 year. When District charter school enrollment is included in the totals, enrollment increased by 29 students, indicating that while regular District enrollment is declining, at the regular schools it is offset by students choosing to attend the District's charter schools.

This same trend is seen with Average Daily Attendance (ADA). For the 2012 fiscal year, the ADA for the Second Principal Apportionment (P-2) period totaled 32,664, a decline of 554 ADA from the prior fiscal year. Most of the decrease results from students migrating to District or independent charter schools.

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities Expenditures

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost o	of Services
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Instruction, Instruction-related Services and Pupil Services	\$ 292,279,768	\$ 297,387,899	\$ 164,289,857	\$ 198,933,854
General Administrative and Plant Services	48,216,353	54,054,259	42,921,211	49,704,276
Ancillary Services	950,643	914,121	882,647	828,952
Totals	<u>\$ 341,446,764</u>	<u>\$ 352,356,279</u>	<u>\$ 208,093,715</u>	\$ 249,467,082

This table displays by function the total and net cost of services provided for the 2012 and 2011 fiscal years. The net cost of services represents the total cost less operating and capital grants and contributions, and for revenue received where a charge is made for the service provided.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

At June 30, 2012, the District had fourteen governmental funds reporting a combined fund balance of \$188.1 million, a decrease of \$7.8 million over the prior year. Of these funds, nine had revenues which exceeded expenditures, contributing to the combined fund balance. The following table details the fund balances of the individual governmental funds.

Governmental Funds - Fund Balance

	Fund Balanc	Year Over	
	2012	2011	Year Change
General Fund	\$ 51,007,399	\$ 43,097,749	\$ 7,909,650
Charter Schools Special Revenue Fund	1,147,621	370,646	776,975
Adult Education Fund	1,779,776	424,893	1,354,883
Child Development Fund	37,716	204,918	(167,202)
Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund	11,019,054	9,227,160	1,791,894
Deferred Maintenance Fund		71,630	(71,630)
Building Fund	23,776,909	16,412,753	7,364,156
Capital Facilities Fund	26,239,098	27,958,811	(1,719,713)
County School Facilities Fund	25,926	25,022	904
Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects	53,779,942	78,811,391	(25,031,449)
Capital Proj. Fund for Blended Component Units	1,519	1,517	2
Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	14,240,985	14,169,435	71,550
Tax Override Fund	13,161	13,130	31
Debt Service Fund	5,057,693	5,169,988	(112,295)
Totals	<u>\$ 188,126,799</u>	<u>\$ 195,959,043</u>	\$ (7,832,244)

The table below displays unaudited actual General Fund revenue by major category for fiscal year 2012, along with the increase or decrease from fiscal year 2011 and breakdowns by percentage. The table does not include Transfers In and Other Financing Sources.

	General Fund			ly.	
		FY-2012 Actual	Percent Of Total	Increase (Decrease) om FY-2011	Percent Increase or (Decrease)
Revenues:				37/43	
Revenue Limit	\$	172,536,473	56.69%	\$ (3,284,952)	(1.87)%
Federal Revenue		45,899,198	15.08%	8,525,155	22.81%
Other State Revenue		79,464,792	26.11%	131,283	0.17%
Other Local Revenue	_	6,449,989	2.12%	 452,517	7.55%
Total Revenues	\$	304,350,452	100.00%	\$ 5,824,003	1.95%

Expenditures for the General Fund are reflected in the following table by major expenditure category. The table does not include Transfers Out and Other Financing Uses.

	General Fund				
	FY-2012 Actual	Percent Of Total	Increase (Decrease) from FY-2011	Percent Increase or (Decrease)	
Expenditures:			10 E A		
Certificated Salaries	\$ 135,828,638	45.89%	\$ (1,813,010)	(1.32)%	
Classified Salaries	42,491,993	14.36%	(2,370,721)	(5.28)%	
Employee Benefits	71,955,790	24.31%	2,099,813	3.01%	
Books and Supplies	13,908,878	4.70%	1,122,352	8.78%	
Services, Other Operating					
Expenses	31,444,543	10.62%	1,011,197	3.32%	
Capital Outlay	803,343	0.27%	(153,302)	(16.02)%	
Other Outgo/Dir. Supp./Indirect					
Costs	461,869	(0.15)%	51,945	12.67%	
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 296,895,054</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	\$ (51,726)	(0.02)%	

The District's financial condition was tested during the 2012 fiscal year because of declining average daily attendance causing reduced revenue, cash flow concerns resulting from the state's deferral of apportionment allocations, and the continued uncertainty of the national and state economies. The District's plan for moving forward in these turbulent economic times is discussed more fully in the "Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates" section found later in this document.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's 2012 General Fund operating budget was adopted by the Governing Board in June of 2011. As adopted, budgeted revenues totaled \$283.5 million. This represents \$4.0 million more than the \$279.5 million budgeted for expenditures.

There were several formal revisions made to the budget during the year. These revisions fell into three main categories:

- Increases to both estimated income and appropriations due to the receipt of new grant awards or donations.
- The budgeting of carryover balances from prior years. It is District policy to not budget expenditure totals carried over from a prior year until after the unaudited actual balances for that year have been calculated.
- Increases in appropriations to prevent budget overruns.

The tables following display General Fund revenue and expenditures by major object categories with a comparison to the revised budget totals reflected in the 2011-12 Second Interim report.

·	Genera		
	FY-12 Board		
	Actual	Approved	Increase
	Revenue	Budget	(Decrease)
Revenue:			
Revenue Limit Sources	\$ 172,536,473	\$ 172,592,590	\$ (56,117)
Federal Revenue	45,899,198	62,764,272	(16,865,074)
Other State Revenue	79,464,792	78,244,782	1,220,010
Other Local Revenue	6,449,989	6,755,179	(305,191)
Transfers In/Other Sources	1,114,494	1,189,878	(75,384)
Total Revenue	<u>\$ 305,464,946</u>	<u>\$ 321,546,701</u>	\$ (16,081,755)
		177	
		al Fund	
	FY-12	Board	T
	Actual Expenditures	Approved Budget	Increase (Decrease)
	DAPORATEUROS	Duuget	(Decircuse)
Expenditures:			
Certificated Salaries	\$ 135,828,638	\$ 137,398,493	\$ (1,569,855)
Classified Salaries	42,491,993	42,809,729	(317,736)
Employee Benefits	71,955,790	72,333,626	(377,836)
Books and Supplies	13,908,878	39,787,260	(25,878,382)
Services and Other Operating Expenses	31,444,544	34,728,939	(3,284,395)
Capital Outlay	803,343	39,713	763,630
Other Outgo/ Direct Support/Indirect Costs	461,869	(872,595)	(1,334,464)
Transfers Out/Other Uses	660,242	765,612	(105,370)
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 297,555,296</u>	\$ 326,990,777	\$ (29,435,481)
Change in Net Ending Balance	\$ 7,909,650	\$ (5,444,076)	<u>\$ 13,353,726</u>

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation)

	Government-Wi	de Activities
	2012	2011
Land	\$ 25,735,353	\$ 25,735,353
Improvement of Sites	3,879,377	4,144,472
Buildings	366,785,028	363,644,381
Equipment	7,005,374	6,560,075
Construction in Progress	97,300,690	74,895,961
Totals	<u>\$ 500,705,822</u>	\$ 474,980,242

Capital assets in the table above are reflected at June 30, 2012 and 2011, net of depreciation. The District uses a capitalization threshold of \$50,000. Depreciation on each capitalized asset has been calculated using the straight-line method over applicable useful lives. The amount shown for Construction in Progress represents expenditures for projects currently in the construction phase. Depreciation will not be taken on these assets until a project is completed.

Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased by a net \$25.7 million during the year. Major capital asset projects completed during the year include the following:

✓	Construction	Food Services Operations Center	\$ 0.4 million
✓	Modernization	Walton Special Center	\$13.6 million
✓	Equipment	Seven School Buses	\$.8 million
✓	Equipment	Classroom Telephones	\$.5 million
✓	Equipment	Student Information System	\$.3 million

A total of \$97.3 million has been expended on projects still in the construction phase. This includes construction work on the athletic facilities projects at the comprehensive high schools and modernization projects at a number of school sites. Costs for projects in the construction phase increased by a net \$22.4 million during fiscal year 2012. Depreciation expense totaled \$12.4 million for the year.

Outstanding Debt at Year-End

-	Government-Wide Activities		
	2012	2011	
		All Mail	
General Obligation Bonds, including Premiums	\$ 324,742,750	\$ 331,581,600	
Accreted Interest – 2008 Series D General Obligation Bonds	2,793,966		
Certificates of Participation, including Premiums	49,660,140	51,196,291	
Capitalized Lease Obligations		370,675	
California Energy Commission Loan	 .	189	
Qualified Zone Academic Bonds Payable	5,000,000	6,635,000	
Charter School Loan	166,667	250,000	
Redevelopment Agency Repayment	1,210,925		
Postretirement Healthcare Benefits	18,638,418	13,842,096	
PARS Liability	7,379,929	10,450,502	
Compensated Absences	4,569,595	4,701,784	
Totals	\$ 414,162,390	\$ 419,028,137	

Outstanding debt decreased by a net \$4.9 million during the fiscal year. Decreases resulted from the yearly payment of General Obligation Bond and Certificates of Participation obligations, the payoff of the 2000 Qualified Zone Academy Bond, the final payments on capitalized lease obligations, and the payment reduction of other debt instruments. Outstanding debt increases included higher postretirement healthcare benefit costs and the accretion of interest on Series D General Obligation Bonds approved in the election of 2008.

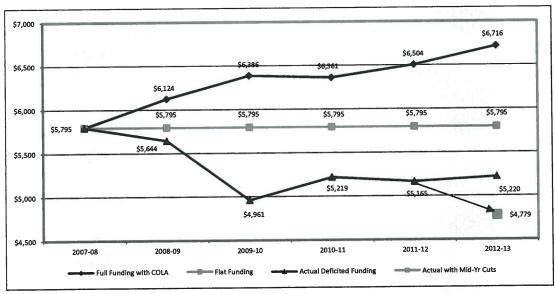
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial presentation and contain more detailed information as to interest, principal, retirement amounts, and future debt retirement dates.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The 2012-13 Stockton Unified School District budget has been developed with all components of the proposal presented by the Governor in January and any applicable May Revise and Adopted Budget adjustments.

At the start of the 2012-13 fiscal year, Stockton Unified faced an uncertain financial picture that was partially resolved with the results of the November 2012 election. Included on the November ballot was an initiative which promised to bring additional revenue to schools. Proposition 30, backed by California Governor Jerry Brown, while promising additional revenue, was somewhat misleading in that the revenue to be provided by the state would only keep school funding at the approximate level provided during the 2011-12 year. Failure of the initiative to pass would result in a mid-year cut to K-12 education of over \$400 per unit of average daily attendance. Fortunately, Proposition 30 was approved by 54% of the electorate.

The reality of K-12 school funding over the last six years is depicted in the graph below. If school funding included the cost of living adjustments computed over these years, Stockton Unified would be receiving funding of \$6,716 per ADA for the 2012-13 year. Even with no cost of living adjustments, the District should be receiving \$5,795 per ADA. Due to state budget cuts in prior years, the District will be receiving even less. With the passage of Proposition 30, the District will receive \$5,220 per ADA, approximately the same funding as the 2011-12 year. If the initiative had failed, the District would have seen funding reduced to \$4,779 per ADA. This reduction would have totaled over \$15 million for Stockton Unified School District.



Source: School Services of California

Compounding the school funding gap are the struggling national and state economies which continue to expand at a subdued pace. Stockton Unified continues to find itself in a precarious situation where cash management becomes critical. The District is dealing with the current financial uncertainties by constantly monitoring cash flow projections, closely tracking the payment of outstanding invoices, and by issuing Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs). These notes provide cash funds to "even out" the irregular funding stream coming from the state. In addition, the District continues to look for cost cutting measures and to solicit ideas from staff, bargaining units, and the public to further reduce the budget, especially if mid-year cuts are instituted. District employees and administration, the unions, and the community have a vested interest in finding ways to maintain the financial stability of Stockton Unified School District. Working together, the District "family" will weather this economic storm while continuing to provide a quality educational program for our students.

Critical assumptions used to prepare the 2012-13 budget are discussed below.

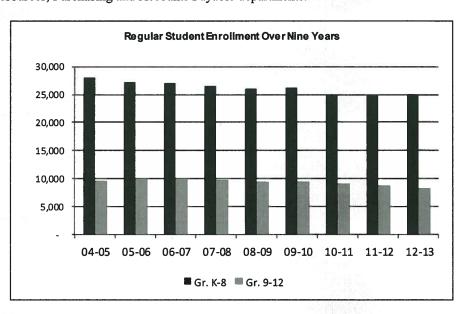
Student Enrollment and Enrollment Projections

One of the economic factors affecting the school District's future outlook and growth potential is enrollment. Enrollment represents the number of students attending school within the District's boundaries. Additional revenues are generated from average daily attendance (ADA) when a greater number of students attend District schools. When enrollment is lower, the District receives less of this general purpose funding. As the 2012-13 school year began, enrollment in the District's regular schools was stable when compared to the enrollment totals from the prior year. Enrollment at the District's charter schools was showing a slight decline from what was projected.

Enrollment can decline in a school District for many reasons: charter schools, home schooling, movement to neighboring Districts, and migration to other states. Decisions made within the school District can also affect the student enrollment that converts to revenue for operational purposes. For the 2012-13 year, the District's Primary Years Academy is converting back to regular school status after one year as a charter school. While this change does not affect the overall enrollment of the District, the revenue generated from attendance by Primary Years Academy students will provide additional revenue for the General Fund. Other District charter schools, such as the Health Careers Academy and Stockton Early College Academy, are adding an additional grade to their programs. This will result in a further draw of District students from regular schools to charter schools. To offset this revenue loss to the General Fund, the District works to make these school conversions and expansions as "cost neutral" as possible. This is accomplished through the transfer of school personnel and other operational costs, and charging for services provided. These services include transportation costs, textbook costs, rent for facilities, and a percentage cost for fiscal oversight. The District is looking into further allocation of central office costs, including services provided by the Payroll, Human Resources, Purchasing and Accounts Payable departments.

The graph to the right provides an overview of the District's enrollment over the past nine years.

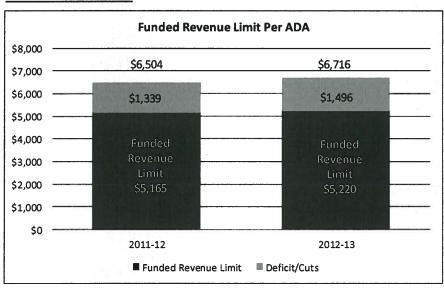
In planning a viable budget, the preparation of accurate enrollment projections is critical. It becomes even more important when the economy is struggling and revenue coming to the District is restricted or deferred by decisions made at the state level. The District continues



to be vigilant in monitoring and projecting student enrollment. Work continues to refine methods in projecting enrollment which allows for better planning of the educational program and control over operational costs.

In summary, student enrollment is the lifeblood of the District. Stockton Unified continues to work to provide educational programs which stimulate student learning and allows the District to retain the current student population and attract additional students.

Revenue Limit COLA



The Revenue Limit COLA represents percentage of additional dollars allocated school **Districts** in support of local operations. It is the state's wav recognizing increased costs experienced by school Districts. help in balancing its' budget, the state can apply a deficit factor to reduce the amount of funding school District actually receives. Depending on the sizes of the

COLA and deficit factor, a school District can receive more or less revenue in a given year. For the 2012-13 year, a deficit factor of 22.272% has been applied to the Base Revenue Limit per ADA to provide school District funding of approximately \$5,220 per unit of average daily attendance, essentially unchanged from the 2011-12 year. The effect of this is displayed in the graph above.

Salaries and Benefits

Salaries and benefits are subject to negotiations each year based on collective bargaining agreements. Most school Districts negotiate based on "total compensation" which consists of salaries and benefits. Total compensation generally refers to increases in salaries and health benefits. The school District anticipates that upward pressure to increase salary compensation and health benefits will continue over the next few years. Currently, the District allocates approximately 92% of the General Fund unrestricted expenditure budget toward salary and benefit related areas. The District controls salary costs in a number of ways, including the monitoring of authorized positions in the budget, issuing hiring freezes when necessary, and restricting the use of additional and overtime pay.

Health Rates

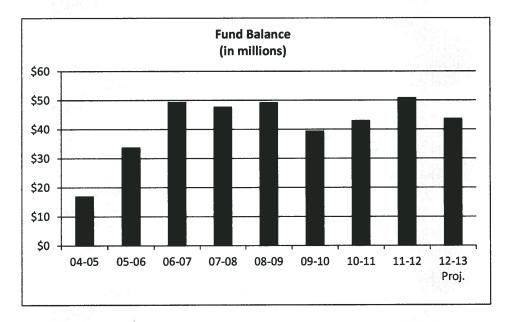
The cost of health care is expected to increase over the next few years. The District has established a health benefits allowance for 2012-13 based on a projected cost increase of 10%. This increase results from collective bargaining contracts in which an expense cap does not exist and the District is obligated to absorb any cost increases. The District anticipates continued pressure to increase the health benefits allowance as costs continue to rise. The District is working with the employee bargaining groups to explore ways to maintain acceptable levels of employee health care at affordable costs. Even so, the District does not expect reduced health care costs in future years.

Fund Balance

The fund balance represents yearly differences between revenues and expenditures. The fund balance is either added "to" or subtracted "from" based on operational results of the District. Additionally, the fund balance is either unrestricted or restricted. An unrestricted fund balance means that unspent dollars are left to the District's discretion. On the other hand, restricted dollars are not left to the District's discretion and are restricted based on guidelines established by the State Department of Education.

Additionally, the State Department of Education requires school Districts to maintain a "Reserve for Economic Uncertainties" for unforeseen emergencies. The reserve for this District is based on 2% of the total General Fund expenditures (approximately \$5.9 million.). Setting aside a state required reserve means that the District has fewer dollars available for operational areas. It also means that a reserve balance is available if the District must address an unplanned financial situation.

The graph below shows the history of the District's General Fund balance, including a projected net ending fund balance for the 2012-13 year.



Note: The projected fund balance for FY 2012-13 includes restricted balance estimates.

Conclusion

The District continues to face many challenges: uncertain state funding, negotiating salary compensation, increased health care costs, maintenance of a positive fund balance, and effective cash management. Proper planning and foresight will be required for the District to balance financial resources with educational goals and objectives. School site staff, central office employees, and District administration are up to meeting these challenges with the goal being an educational program that will allow our students to gain the necessary knowledge to progress through life as informed and productive citizens.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our parents, citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Wayne Martin, Chief Business Official, Stockton Unified School District, 701 North Madison Street, Stockton, CA 95202.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2012

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	
ASSETS		
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$ 172,098,459	
Receivables	87,399,041	
Prepaid expenditures	8,570,435	
Stores inventory Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 4)	1,428,760 123,036,043	
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated	123,030,043	
depreciation (Note 4)	377,669,779	
Total assets	770,202,517	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	30,705,798	
TRANs payable (Note 5)	25,080,000	
Claims liability (Note 6)	12,086,000	
Deferred revenue	8,299,489	
Long-term liabilities (Note 7):	42.000.000	
Due within one year Due after one year	13,686,386 400,476,004	
Due after one year	400,476,004	
Total liabilities	490,333,677	
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	218,203,624	
Restricted (Note 8)	45,556,594	
Unrestricted	16,108,622	
Total net assets	<u>\$ 279,868,840</u>	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

						Operating		Capital		Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Assets
		Expenses		Charges For Services		Grants and Contri- butions		Grants and Contri- <u>butions</u>	Ċ	Sovernmental <u>Activities</u>
Governmental activities (Note 4):										
Instruction	\$	210,507,646	\$	128,081	\$	58,405,998	\$	19,161,274	\$	(132,812,293)
Instruction-related services:										
Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media and		23,919,191		8,661		17,499,829		-		(6,410,701)
technology		827,147		3,668		537,666		-		(285,813)
School site administration Pupil services:		17,774,982		3,414		2,172,664		-		(15,598,904)
Home-to-school transportation		9,379,240		-		4,629,384		-		(4,749,856)
Food services		14,609,419		466,420		15,989,810		-		1,846,811
All other pupil services General administration:		15,262,143		54,600		8,928,442		-		(6,279,101)
Data processing		2,933,424		2,953		9,429		-		(2,921,042)
All other general administration		12,363,924		28,275		3,005,133		-		(9,330,516)
Plant services		32,919,005		21,999		2,227,353		-		(30,669,653)
Ancillary services		950,643		-		67,996		-		(882,647)
Enterprise activities		2,118		-		-		-		(2,118)
Other outgo		1,577,275		972,518		3,545,373		-		2,940,616
Interest on long-term liabilities		16,823,639		-		-		-		(16,823,639)
Unallocated depreciation		148,106		-			_	-		(148,106)
Total governmental activities	\$	359,997,902	\$	1,690,589	<u>\$</u>	117,019,077	\$	19,161,274		(222,126,962)
	Ta	eral revenues: axes and subve								
		Taxes levied for								29,760,733
		Taxes levied for								19,146,290
		Taxes levied for								590,678
		ederal and state			spe	cific purposes				191,764,753
		terest and inves		t earnings						1,980,662
		teragency rever	nues							1,077,723
	М	iscellaneous							_	2,396,710
			Total	general reven	ues				_	246,717,549
			Chan	ige in net asse	ts					24,590,587
			Net a	ssets, July 1,	2011					255,278,253
			Net a	ssets, June 30), 20	12			\$	279,868,840

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2012

	General Fund (01)	Capital Facilities <u>Fund (25)</u>	Special Reserve <u>Fund (40)</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds *</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and investments:	₾ 45.005.402	6 0 544 467	•	¢ 04 505 277	6 40 222 007
Cash in County Treasury Cash in County Treasury restricted	\$ 15,285,163	\$ 8,541,467	\$ -	\$ 24,505,377	\$ 48,332,007
for capital projects	_	*	58,796,701	24,872,911	83,669,612
Cash on hand and in banks			-	2.448	2,448
Cash in revolving fund	70,000	-	-	2,500	72,500
Cash with Fiscal Agent	1,612,312	17,288,485	-	5,054,327	23,955,124
Receivables	79,169,314	4,532	31,095	8,041,115	87,246,056
Prepaid expenditures	923,799	-	116,119	3,485	1,043,403
Due from other funds	3,742,875	940,678	-	832,011	5,515,564
Stores inventory	1,101,475		-	327,285	1,428,760
Total assets	\$ 101,904,938	\$ 26,775,162	<u>\$ 58,943,915</u>	<u>\$ 63,641,459</u>	\$ 251,265,474
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 16,207,153	\$ 536,064	\$ 5,163,973	\$ 2,338,522	\$ 24,245,712
TRANs payable	25,080,000	-	-	-	25,080,000
Deferred revenue	8,193,220	-	•	106,269	8,299,489
Due to other funds	1,417,166			4,096,308	<u>5,513,474</u>
Total liabilities	50,897,539	536,064	5,163,973	6,541,099	63,138,675
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	2,095,274	-	116,119	333,270	2,544,663
Restricted	6,219,634	26,239,098	53,663,823	56,767,090	142,889,645
Assigned	36,759,549	•	-	-	36,759,549
Unassigned	5,932,942				5,932,942
Total fund balances	51,007,399	26,239,098	53,779,942	57,100,360	188,126,799
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 101,904,938	\$ 26,775,162	\$ 58,943,915	\$ 63,641,459	\$ 251,265,474

^{*} Refer to page 61

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET - TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2012

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 188,126,799	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$662,782,159 and the accumulated depreciation is \$162,076,337 (Note 4).		500,705,822	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2012 consisted of (Note 7):			
General Obligation Bonds and premium Accreted Interest Certificates of Participation and premium Qualified Zone Academy Bonds Charter School Loan Redevelopment Agency Repayment Post-employment healthcare benefits PARS Liability Compensated absences	\$ (324,742,750) (2,793,966) (49,660,140) (5,000,000) (166,667) (1,210,925) (18,638,418) (7,379,929) (4,569,595)		
		(414,162,390)	
In the governmental funds, interest on long-term liabilities is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred.		(4,197,918)	
Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Net assets for the Self-Insurance Fund total:		2,117,223	
Costs associated with the issuance of long-term liabilities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		7,279,304	
Total net assets - governmental activities		\$ 279,868,840	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	General Fund (01)	Capital Facilities Fund (25)	Special Reserve Fund (40)	All Non-Major <u>Funds *</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:					
Revenue limit sources:			_		
State apportionment	\$ 146,660,577	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,680,045	\$ 157,340,622
Local sources	<u>25,875,896</u>	-	-		25,875,896
Total revenue limit	<u>172,536,473</u>			10,680,045	183,216,518
Federal sources	45,899,198	-	-	17,463,094	63,362,292
Other state sources	79,464,792	-	-	29,431,059	108,895,851
Other local sources	6,449,989	2,071,097	177,217	20,415,978	29,114,281
Total revenues	304,350,452	2,071,097	177,217	77,990,176	384,588,942
Expenditures:					
Certificated salaries	135,828,638		-	8,631,122	144,459,760
Classified salaries	42,491,993	-	382,096	6,861,595	49,735,684
Employee benefits	71,955,790	-	175,619	7,086,414	79,217,823
Books and supplies	13,908,878		930,664	7,684,069	22,523,611
Contract services and operating					
expenditures	31,444,543	229,443	491,887	3,971,984	36,137,857
Capital outlay	803,343	141,477	30,086,600	4,759,846	35,791,266
Other outgo	153,456	-	-	-	153,456
Debt service:	,				
Principal retirement	283,838	1,530,055	-	8,598,544	10,412,437
Interest	24,575	1,889,835	-	12,074,882	13,989,292
Total expenditures	296,895,054	3,790,810	32,066,866	<u>59,668,456</u>	392,421,186
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	7,455,398	(1,719,713)	(31,889,649)	18,321,720	(7,832,244)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in	1,114,494		6,858,200	14,379,584	22,352,278
Operating transfers out	(660,242)	-	-	(21,692,036)	(22,352,278)
Special Superior Supe					
Total other financing sources					
(uses)	<u>454,252</u>		6,858,200	<u>(7,312,452</u>)	-
Change in fund balances	7,909,650	(1,719,713)	(25,031,449)	11,009,268	(7,832,244)
Fund balances, July 1, 2011	43,097,749	27,958,811	78,811,391	46,091,092	195,959,043
Fund balances, June 30, 2012	<u>\$ 51,007,399</u>	\$ 26,239,098	\$ 53,779,942	\$ 57,100,360	\$ 188,126,799

^{*} Refer to page 61

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(7,832,244)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Acquisition of capital assets is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but increases capital assets in the statement of net assets (Note 4). \$ 38,120,753		
Depreciation of capital assets is an expense that is not recorded in the governmental funds (Note 4). (12,395,173)		
Accreted interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds is not accrued in governmental funds, but is recognized over the life of the debt in government-wide financial statements (Note 7). (2,793,966)		
Issuance of long-term liabilities is an other financing source in the governmental funds, but increases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Amounts recognized in government funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were (Note 7): (1,453,110)		
Repayment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but decreases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets (Note 7). 10,412,437		
In government funds, debt issue costs and premiums are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In government-wide statements, issue costs and premiums are amortized over the life of the debt. (67,886)		
In governmental funds, interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. 76,113		
Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost recovery basis. The change in net assets for the Self-Insurance Fund was: 2,117,223		
In government funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis (Note 7). (4,796,322)	ı	

(Continued)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

(Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

In government funds, expenses related to the supplemental employee retirement program are measured by the amounts paid in the year. In the statement of activities, SERP is recognized on the accrual basis (Note 7).

\$ 3,070,573

In the statement of activities, expenses related to compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (Note 7).

132,189 **\$** 32,422,831

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 24,590,587

STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND

SELF-INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2012

ASSETS

Cash and investments: Cash in County Treasury Cash with Fiscal Agent Receivables Prepaid Expenditures	\$ 15,349,498 717,270 152,985 <u>247,728</u>
Total assets	<u> 16,467,481</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable Claims liability Due to other funds	2,262,168 12,086,000
Total liabilities	14,350,258
NET ASSETS	
Restricted	<u>\$ 2,117,223</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND

SELF-INSURANCE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Operating revenues: Self-insurance premiums Other local revenues	\$ 15,449,896 <u>8,140</u>
Total operating revenues	<u> 15,458,036</u>
Operating expenses: Classified salaries Employee benefits Books and supplies Contract services	283,779 141,972 53,674
Total operating expenses	13,375,782
Operating income	2,082,254
Non-operating income: Interest income	34,969
Change in net assets	2,117,223
Total net assets, July 1, 2011	
Total net assets, June 30, 2012	<u>\$ 2,117,223</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND

SELF-INSURANCE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from self-insurance premiums Cash paid for employee benefits Cash paid for other expenses	\$ 15,455,749 (4,804,248) (8,445,102)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,206,399
Cash flows provided by investing activities: Interest income received	34,969
Cash flows provided by financing activities: Transfer from other fund	1,142,157
Increase in cash and investments	3,383,525
Cash and investments, July 1, 2011	12,683,243
Cash and investments, June 30, 2012	<u>\$ 16,066,768</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 2,082,254
Increase in: Receivables Prepaid expenses Increase in:	(2,287) (247,728)
Accounts payable and claims liability Amount due to other funds	373,469 691
Total adjustments	124,145
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,206,399

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2012

	Trust <u>Fund</u>		Agency Fund			
	Sc	holarship <u>Trust</u>		Student Body <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash on hand and in banks (Note 2)	\$	855,445	\$	667,391	\$	1,522,836
LIABILITIES		ū.				
Due to student groups		-		667,391		667,391
NET ASSETS						
Restricted (Note 7)	\$	855,445	\$		\$	855,445

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

FIDUCIARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Scholarship <u>Trust</u>
Revenues: Other local sources	\$ 16,102
Expenditures: Contract services and operating expenditures	23,960
Change in net assets	(7,858)
Net assets, July 1, 2011	<u>863,303</u>
Net assets, June 30, 2012	<u>\$ 855,445</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Stockton Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

The Board of Education is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public school education in the District. The Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board since Board members have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, Stockton Unified School District Community Facilities District No. 1 (the "CFD") and Stockton Unified School District Financing Corporation (the "Corporation") have a financial and operational relationship which meet the reporting entity definition criteria of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100*, for inclusion of the CFD and the Corporation as component units of the District. Therefore, the financial activities of the CFD and the Corporation have been included in the basic financial statements of the District as a Blended Component Unit.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District, the CFD and the Corporation which satisfy *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100* criteria:

A - Manifestations of Oversight

- 1. The CFD's and Corporation's Board of Directors were appointed by the District's Board of Education.
- 2. The Corporation has no employees. The District's Superintendent and Chief Business Official function as agents of the Corporation. Neither individual received additional compensation for work performed in this capacity.
- 3. The District exercises significant influence over operations of the CFD and the Corporation as it is anticipated that the District will be the sole lessee of all facilities owned by the CFD and the Corporation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

B - Accounting for Fiscal Matters

- 1. All major financing arrangements, contracts, and other transactions of the CFD and the Corporation must have the consent of the District.
- 2. Any deficits incurred by the CFD and the Corporation will be reflected in the lease payments of the District. Any surpluses of the CFD and the Corporation revert to the District at the end of the lease period.
- 3. It is anticipated that the District's lease payments will be the sole revenue source of the CFD and the Corporation.
- 4. The District has assumed a "moral obligation," and potentially a legal obligation, for any debt incurred by the CFD and the Corporation.

C - Scope of Public Service and Financial Presentation

- 1. The CFD and the Corporation were created for the sole purpose of financially assisting the District.
- 2. The CFD is a legally-constituted governmental entity, established under the authority of the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. The Corporation is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of California and recorded by the Secretary of State. The CFD and the Corporation were formed to provide financing assistance to the District for construction and acquisition of major capital facilities. Upon completion the District intends to occupy all CFD and the Corporation facilities. When the CFD's and the Corporation's long-term liabilities have been paid with state reimbursements and the District's developer fees, title of all CFD and the Corporation property will pass to the District for no additional consideration.
- 3. The CFD's financial activity is presented in the financial statements as the Mello-Roos Fund. The Corporation's financial activity is presented in the financial statements as the Capital Facilities Fund.

Basis of Presentation - Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations, financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities, including infrastructure and a focus on the major funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and the Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Assets at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Section (GASB Cod. Sec.) N50.118-.121.

Program revenues: Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses: The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term liabilities is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District's accounts are organized into three broad categories which, in aggregate, include seven fund types as follows:

A - Governmental Fund Types

General Fund:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

A - Governmental Fund Types (Continued)

2. Special Revenue Funds:

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. This classification includes the Charter School, Adult Education, Child Development, Cafeteria and Deferred Maintenance Funds.

3. Capital Projects Funds:

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities by the District. This classification includes the Capital Facilities, Special Reserve, Building, County School Facilities and Mello-Roos Funds.

4. Debt Service Funds:

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. This classification includes the Bond Interest and Redemption, Tax Override and Debt Service Funds.

B - Proprietary Funds

1. Self-Insurance Fund:

The Self-Insurance Fund is an Internal Service Fund used to account for services rendered on a cost-reimbursement basis within the District. The Self-Insurance Fund is used to provide workers' compensation, dental and vision benefits to employees of the District.

C - Fiduciary Funds

1. Trust Funds:

The District maintains one Trust Fund. The Scholarship Trust Fund is used to account for assets held by the District as Trustee.

2. Agency Funds:

Student Body Funds:

Student Body Funds are used to account for revenues and expenditures of the various student body organizations. All cash activity, assets and liabilities of the various student bodies of the District are accounted for in Student Body Funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term liabilities, if any, is recognized when due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

By state law, the Board of Education must adopt a final budget by July 1. A public hearing is conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The Board of Education complied with these requirements.

Stores Inventory

Inventories in the General and Cafeteria Funds are valued at average cost. Inventory recorded in the General and Cafeteria Funds consists mainly of school supplies and consumable supplies. Inventories are recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are transferred from the warehouse to schools and offices.

Cafeteria Food Purchases

Cafeteria purchases include food purchased through the State of California Office of Surplus Property, for which the District is required to pay only a handling charge. The state does not require the Cafeteria Fund to record the fair market value of these commodities. The expenditures for these items would have been greater had the District paid fair market value for the government surplus food commodities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired, with an original cost of \$50,000 or more, are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over 5 - 50 years depending on asset types.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences totaling \$4,569,595 are recorded as a liability of the District. The liability is for the earned but unused benefits.

Accumulated Sick Leave

Sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as a operating expenditure or expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits for certain STRS and CalPERS employees, when the employee retires.

Deferred Revenue

Revenue from federal, state, and local special projects and programs is recognized when qualified expenditures have been incurred. Funds received but not earned are recorded as deferred revenue until earned.

Restricted Net Assets

Restrictions of the ending net assets indicate the portions of net assets not appropriable for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. The restriction for unspent categorical program revenues and state programs represent programs where the revenue received is restricted for expenditures only in that particular program. The restriction for special revenues represents the portion of net assets restricted for special purposes. The restriction for debt service represents the portion of net assets which the District plans to expend on debt repayment. The restriction for capital projects represents the portion of net assets restricted for capital projects. The restriction for scholarships represents the portion of net assets to be used to provide financial assistance to students of the District. It is the District's policy to first spend restricted net assets when allowable expenditures are incurred.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance Classifications

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Sections 1300 and 1800, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800) implements a five-tier fund balance classification hierarchy that depicts the extent to which a government is bound by spending constraints imposed on the use of its resources. The five classifications, discussed in more detail below, are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

A - Nonspendable Fund Balance:

The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form, such as revolving fund cash, prepaid expenditures and stores inventory.

B - Restricted Fund Balance:

The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. These are the same restrictions used to determine restricted net assets as reported in the government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary trust fund statements.

C - Committed Fund Balance:

The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. Formal action by the Board of Education is required to remove any commitment from any fund balance. At June 30, 2012, the District had no committed fund balances.

D - Assigned Fund Balance:

The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the District's Board of Education has approved to be used for specific purposes, based on the District's intent related to those specific purposes. The Board of Education can designate personnel with the authority to assign fund balances, however, as of June 30, 2012, no such designation has occurred.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance Classifications (Continued)

E - Unassigned Fund Balance:

In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

In any fund other than the General Fund, a positive unassigned fund balance is never reported because amounts in any other fund are assumed to have been assigned, at least, to the purpose of that fund. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Policy

The District has an expenditure policy relating to fund balances. For purposes of fund balance classifications, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balances first, followed in order by committed fund balances (if any), assigned fund balances and lastly unassigned fund balances.

While GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do not require districts to establish a minimum fund balance policy or a stabilization arrangement, GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do require the disclosure of a minimum fund balance policy and stabilization arrangements, if they have been adopted by the Board of Education. At June 30, 2012, the District has not established a minimum fund balance policy nor has it established a stabilization arrangement.

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are due in two installments on or before November 15 and March 15. Unsecured property taxes are due in one installment on or before August 31. The County of San Joaquin bills and collects taxes for the District. Tax revenues are recognized by the District when received.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2012 are reported at fair value and consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities			
	Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Proprietary <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	Fiduciary <u>Activities</u>
Pooled Funds: Cash in County Treasury	\$ 48,332,007	\$ 15,349,498	\$ 63,681,505	\$ -
Cash in County Treasury - restricted for capital projects	83,669,612	_	83,669,612	
Total pooled funds	132,001,619	15,349,498	147,351,117	
Deposits: Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving fund	2,448 72,500	-	2,448 72,500	1,522,836
Total deposits	74,948	-	74,948	1,522,836
Investments: Cash with Fiscal Agent	23,955,124	717,270	24,672,394	
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 156,031,691</u>	<u>\$ 16,066,768</u>	<u>\$ 172,098,459</u>	\$ 1,522,836

Pooled Funds

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the San Joaquin County Treasury. The County pools these funds with those of school districts in the County and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost which approximates fair value. Interest earned is deposited monthly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Pooled Funds (Continued)

Because the District's deposits are maintained in a recognized pooled investment fund under the care of a third party and the District's share of the pooled investment fund does not consist of specific, identifiable investment securities owned by the District, no disclosure of the individual deposits and investments or related custodial credit risk classifications is required.

In accordance with applicable state laws, the San Joaquin County Treasurer may invest in derivative securities. However, at June 30, 2012, the San Joaquin County Treasurer has represented that the Treasurer's pooled investment fund contained no derivatives or other investments with similar risk profiles.

Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

The District limits custodial credit risk by ensuring uninsured balances are collateralized by the respective financial institution. Under Section 343 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, interest-bearing cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 and noninterest-bearing cash balances held in banks are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institution. At June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of the District's accounts was \$1,597,784 and the bank balance was \$1,619,543. \$250,000 of the bank balance was FDIC insured and \$1,369,543 remained uninsured.

Investments

The Cash with Fiscal Agent in the Governmental Funds represents Debt proceeds that have been set aside for capital projects and the repayment of long-term liabilities. These amounts are held by a third party custodian in the District's name.

The Cash with Fiscal Agent in the Proprietary Fund represents cash segregated for the future payment of self-insured benefits. These amounts are held by a third party custodian in the District's name.

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits cash and investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At June 30, 2012, the District had no significant interest rate risk related to cash and investments held.

Credit Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District does not place limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2012, the District had no concentration of credit risk.

3. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Activity

Transactions between funds of the District are recorded as interfund transfers, except for the Self-Insurance Fund activity which is recorded as income and expenditures of the Self-Insurance Fund and the funds which incur payroll costs, respectively. The unpaid balances at year end, as a result of such transactions, are shown as due to and due from other funds.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2012 were as follows:

Fund	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interfund <u>Payables</u>
Major Funds: General Capital Facilities Special Reserve	\$ 3,742,875 940,678 -	\$ 1,417,166 - -
Non-Major Funds: Charter School Adult Education Child Development Cafeteria Building	763,948 6,100 50,736 8,497 2,730	3,594,415 285,660 209,244 6,989
Proprietary Fund: Self-Insurance		2,090
Totals	<u>\$ 5,515,564</u>	<u>\$ 5,515,564</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

3. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended.

Interfund transfers for the 2011-2012 fiscal year were as follows:

Transfer from the County Schools Facilities Fund to the Building Fund for the School Facility Program. Transfer from the County Schools Facilities Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for the School Facility Program. Transfer from the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund to the Debt Service Fund for the Qualified School Construction Bonds.	\$ 12,303,074 6,858,200 1,416,268
Transfer from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.	656,893
Transfer from the General Fund to the Charter School Fund to provide funding to cover expenses.	615,470
Transfer from the Charter School Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.	214,764
Transfer from the Child Development Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs. Transfer from the Adult Education Fund to the General Fund for	149,616
indirect costs.	93,221
Transfer from the General Fund to the Child Development Fund to provide funding to cover expenses.	44,772
	\$ 22,352,278

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A schedule of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2012 is shown below:

Governmental Activities		Balance July 1, <u>2011</u>		Transfers and Additions		Transfers and <u>Deductions</u>		Balance June 30, 2012
Non-depreciable:								
Land	\$	25,735,353	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,735,353
Work-in-process		74,895,961		37,310,296		(14,905,567)		97,300,690
Depreciable:								
Buildings		499,309,086		14,088,601		-		513,397,687
Site improvements		7,574,090		-		-		7,574,090
Equipment		<u> 17,146,916</u>	_	1,627,423		-	_	<u> 18,774,339</u>
Totals, at cost		624,661,406		53,026,320		(14,905,567)		662,782,159
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		(135,664,705)		(10,947,954)		_		(146,612,659)
Site improvements		(3,429,618)		(265,095)		-		(3,694,713)
Equipment		(10,586,841)		(1,182,124)		-	_	(11,768,965)
Total accumulated depreciation	- 12	<u>(149,681,164</u>)	_	(12,395,173)	_		_	(162,076,337)
Capital assets, net	\$	474,980,242	<u>\$</u>	40,631,147	<u>\$</u>	(14,905,567)	<u>\$</u>	500,705,822

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 11,157,053
Home to school	944,145
Food services	10,002
All other general administration	92,958
Plant services	42,909
Unallocated	<u> 148,106</u>
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 12,395,173</u>

5. TAX AND REVENUE ANTICIPATION NOTES PAYABLE

On February 24, 2012, the District issued \$25,080,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs) maturing on December 31, 2012, with an interest rate of 2.00%, to provide for anticipated cash flow deficits from operations. The TRANs are a general obligation of the District and are payable from revenues and cash receipts generated by the District during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. As of June 30, 2012, the District is fully utilizing the cash from the TRANs and has recorded a liability of \$25,080,000 in the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

6. RISK MANAGEMENT/CLAIMS LIABILITIES

The District has established a Self-Insurance Fund to account for employee vision benefits, employee dental benefits and workers' compensation plans. The employee vision and dental plans are self insured and contract with a third party administrator for benefits processing. Until July 31, 1998 and from July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2005, the workers' compensation plan provided coverage up to \$250,000 and purchased excess insurance for claims over the retained coverage limit. Between August 1, 1998 and June 30, 2001, and after July 1, 2005, the District purchased insurance for the workers' compensation coverage.

The liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses represents the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. These claims will be paid in future years.

District management recomputes the liability annually using available updated claims data. Every three years, the District contracts with an actuary who performs an actuarial study using a variety of statistical techniques to produce current estimates that consider claim frequency and other economic factors. The liability for workers compensation is based on an actuarial study dated June 30, 2012.

The liabilities for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are as follows:

	June 30, <u>2012</u>	June 30, <u>2011</u>
Unpaid claim and claim adjustment expenses, beginning of year	\$ 11,800,000	\$ 11,229,721
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	4,948,276	6,804,384
Total payments	(4,662,276)	(6,234,105)
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at end of year	<u>\$ 12,086,000</u>	<u>\$ 11,800,000</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

General Obligation Bonds

Series 2001:

On June 20, 2001, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2001, totaling \$22,800,000. With the issuance of the 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, \$9,145,000 of outstanding principal of the 2001 Bonds were defeased. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 4.25% to 6.00% and are scheduled to mature through July 2026 as follows:

Year Ended <u>June 30,</u>		<u>Principal</u>	Interest		<u>Total</u>
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018-2022 2023-2027	\$	- - - - 1,290,000 5,865,000	\$ 361,600 361,600 361,600 361,600 1,775,750 616,725	\$	361,600 361,600 361,600 361,600 3,065,750 6,481,725
2020-2021	<u> </u>	7,155,000	\$ 4,200,475	<u>\$</u>	11,355,475

Series 2003:

On January 9, 2003, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003, totaling \$28,000,000. With the issuance of the 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, \$4,805,000 of outstanding principal of the 2003 General Obligation Bonds were defeased. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.25% and are scheduled to mature through January 2028 as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018-2022 2023-2027 2028	\$ 960,000 995,000 1,035,000 1,080,000 - 2,745,000 8,095,000 1,865,000	\$ 787,221 748,821 704,046 661,353 615,453 3,014,283 1,695,262 93,250	\$ 1,747,221 1,743,821 1,739,046 1,741,353 615,453 5,759,283 9,790,262 1,958,250
	<u>\$ 16,775,000</u>	<u>\$ 8,319,689</u>	\$ 25,094,689

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Series 2004:

On January 8, 2004, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004, totaling \$29,200,000. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and are scheduled to mature through January 2029 as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2013	\$ 965,000	\$ 1,036,134	\$ 2,001,134
2014	1,000,000	1,003,565	2,003,565
2015	1,035,000	968,565	2,003,565
2016	1,080,000	929,753	2,009,753
2017	1,125,000	888,173	2,013,173
2018-2022	6,395,000	3,689,062	10,084,062
2023-2027	8,015,000	2,084,031	10,099,031
2028-2029	3,775,000	264,088	4,039,088
	\$ 23,390,000	\$ 10,863,371	\$ 34,253,371

Series 2006:

On February 8, 2006, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006, totaling \$60,000,000. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00% and are scheduled to mature through September 2030 as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$	560,000	\$ 2,470,625	\$ 3,030,625
2014		725,000	2,444,925	3,169,925
2015		895,000	2,412,525	3,307,525
2016		1,090,000	2,367,375	3,457,375
2017		1,300,000	2,314,125	3,614,125
2018-2022		10,245,000	10,439,650	20,684,650
2023-2027		18,505,000	7,393,131	25,898,131
2028-2031		23,125,000	2,226,884	25,351,884
	<u>\$</u>	<u>56,445,000</u>	\$ 32,069,240	\$ 88,514,240

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Series 2007:

On July 12, 2007, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007, totaling \$60,000,000. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00% and are scheduled to mature through August 2031 as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2013	\$ 1,830,000	\$ 2,625,950	\$	4,455,950
2014	1,885,000	2,549,294		4,434,294
2015	1,960,000	2,467,588		4,427,588
2016	2,015,000	2,383,119		4,398,119
2017	2,080,000	2,288,300		4,368,300
2018-2022	11,465,000	9,760,438		21,225,438
2023-2027	12,845,000	6,719,613		19,564,613
2028-2032	20,570,000	 3,297,748	_	23,867,748
	\$ 54,650,000	\$ 32,092,050	\$	86,742,050

2008 Series A:

On May 6, 2008, the District issued 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series A, totaling \$65,000,000. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00% and are scheduled to mature through August 2032 as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2013	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 2,675,175	\$ 4,475,175
2014	2,000,000	2,599,175	4,599,175
2015	2,100,000	2,517,175	4,617,175
2016	2,200,000	2,431,175	4,631,175
2017	2,300,000	2,341,175	4,641,175
2018-2022	12,400,000	10,265,425	22,665,425
2023-2027	15,000,000	7,245,500	22,245,500
2028-2032	18,700,000	3,302,313	22,002,313
2033	4,300,000	102,125	4,402,125
	\$ 60,800,000	\$ 33,479,238	\$ 94,279,238

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

7. **LONG-TERM LIABILITIES** (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

2008 Series B:

On December 17, 2009, the District issued 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series B, Qualified School Construction Bonds, totaling \$16,040,000. The bonds bear a coupon rate of 2.19% and are scheduled to mature through December 2025 as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$	-	\$ 351,276	\$ 351,276
2014		-	351,276	351,276
2015		-	351,276	351,276
2016		-	351,276	351,276
2017		-	351,276	351,276
2018-2022		-	1,756,380	1,756,380
2023-2026		16,040,000	 1,053,828	 17,093,828
	<u>\$</u>	<u>16,040,000</u>	\$ 4,566,588	\$ 20,606,588

2008 Series C:

On July 22, 2010, the District issued 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series C, Qualified School Construction Bonds, totaling \$14,930,000. The bonds bear a coupon rates from 5.170% to 7.080% and are scheduled to mature through August 2027 as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		<u>Principal</u>	Interest		Total
2013	\$	-	\$ 961,342	\$	961,342
2014		-	961,342		961,342
2015		-	961,342		961,342
2016		-	961,342		961,342
2017		1,830,000	914,037		2,744,037
2018-2022		5,410,000	3,598,850		9,008,850
2023-2027		6,350,000	1,611,838		7,961,838
2028		1,340,000	 47,436		1,387,436
	<u>\$</u>	<u>14,930,000</u>	\$ <u>10,017,529</u>	<u>\$</u>	24,947,529

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

2008 Series D:

On May 18, 2011, the District issued 2008 General Obligation Bonds, Series D, totaling \$56,146,497. The Bonds are issued as capital appreciation bonds and capital appreciation bonds that convert to current interest bonds. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Bonds will be compounded on August 1, 2011 and each February 1 and August 1 thereafter to maturity. The bonds bear coupon rates from 5.890% to 7.720% and are scheduled to mature through July 2050 as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2023-2027	\$ 3,415,604	\$ -	\$ 3,415,604
2028-2032	3,193,500	27,407,115	30,600,615
2033-2037	7,348,165	30,452,350	37,800,515
2038-2042	8,194,576	30,452,350	38,646,926
2043-2047	8,510,957	30,326,550	38,837,507
2048-2051	<u>25,483,695</u>	13,787,685	39,271,380
	<u>\$ 56,146,497</u>	<u>\$132,426,050</u>	<u>\$188,572,547</u>

2011 Refunding Bonds:

On May 2011, the District issued 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds totaling \$14,175,000. The Refunding Bonds were issued to provide funds to refund all or part of the Series 2001 and 2003 General Obligation Bonds and to pay cost of issuance of the Refunding Bond. The bonds bear coupon rates from 2.000% to 5.000% and are scheduled to mature through July 2021 as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		<u>Principal</u>		Interest		<u>Total</u>
2013	\$	-	\$	581,600	\$	581,600
2014	•	885,000	•	581,600	·	1,466,600
2015		915,000		555,050		1,470,050
2016		955,000		518,450		1,473,450
2017		990,000		480,250		1,470,250
2018-2022		10,135,000		1,298,250		11,433,250
	<u>\$</u>	13,880,000	<u>\$</u>	4,015,200	<u>\$</u>	17,895,200

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Certificates of Participation (COPs)

In January 2004, the District issued Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$11,999,981 with interest rates from 1.700% to 5.50%, maturing on February 1, 2034. The Certificates are available for redemption on the Cross-Over Date of February 1, 2013. As of June 30, 2012 the District has \$17,288,485 set aside to refund \$10,640,881 of outstanding Certificates of Participation on February 1, 2013. Additionally, one final payment will be made from the District in the amount \$325,000 on January 15, 2013.

In February 2007, the District issued Certificates of Participation in the amount of \$45,050,000 with interest rates from 4.00% to 5.00%, maturing on February 1, 2036. The proceeds of 2007 Certificates were used to provide funds to refund and defease the 1997 Certificates for the amount of \$13,186,141 and to establish the 2004 Escrow Fund of \$17,372,438 to secure the interest payments of 2007 Certificates and for the redemption of 2004 Certificates on February 1, 2013. The remaining proceeds of \$15,000,000 were allocated to capital projects.

Scheduled payments for the COPs are as follows:

Year Ending	COPs
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Payments</u>
2013	\$ 3,099,390
2014	2,621,890
2015	2,619,890
2016	2,620,640
2017	2,618,890
2018-2022	13,103,835
2023-2027	13,088,319
2028-2032	13,096,625
2033-2036	<u> 10,475,225</u>
Total payments	63,344,704
Less amount representing interest	<u>(24,794,704</u>)
•	
Net present value of minimum payments	<u>\$ 38,550,000</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds

On November 24, 2003, the District issued \$5,000,000 in Qualified Zone Academy Bonds and entered into a purchase contract in the amount of \$5,000,000 with Union Safe Deposit Bank, whereby the Bank agreed to finance the acquisition of certain improvements to the District's Stockton Center, Stagg, Edison and Franklin High Schools to modernize the business and automotive programs and sell the improvements to the District upon specified terms and conditions. Under the terms of the contract, the District has deposited \$2,729,105 with the Bank as collateral for the bonds, which the Bank will hold for the account of the District in the form of a certificate of deposit bearing interest at 4.119 percent per annum, compounded monthly, and payable on November 24, 2018. The certificate of deposit together with the interest earnings will be sufficient to repay the Bonds which mature on November 24, 2018.

Charter School Loan

In April 2011, a one-time loan of \$250,000 was provided to Stockton Early College Academy. Funds are available through the Charter School Revolving Loan Fund to help meet initial operating costs for charter schools in their first charter term. Qualified expenses include, but are not limited to, the cost of leasing facilities, making necessary improvements to facilities and purchasing instructional materials.

Scheduled payments for the charter school loan are as follows:

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	<u>P</u>	Loan ayments
2013 2014	\$	83,947 83,604
Total payments		167,551
Less amount representing interest		(884)
Net present value of minimum payments	\$	166,667

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

7. **LONG-TERM LIABILITIES** (Continued)

Redevelopment Agency Repayment

Starting in 2012, the District is required to pay annual installments to the State of California. These payments are to return funds to the State of California related to excess apportionment received by the District in prior years.

Scheduled payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		
2013	\$	272,458
2014		266,403
2015		260,349
2016		254,294
2017		248,240
Total payments		1,301,744
Less amount representing interest		(90,819)
Net present value of minimum payments	<u>\$</u>	1,210,925

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 8, the District provides postemployment health care benefits to all employees who retire from the District on or after attaining age 55 with at least 10 years of service, in accordance with contracts between the District and employee groups. As of June 30, 2012, 697 retirees met these eligibility requirements. Benefits are provided for retirees age 55 to 65. The District pays up to \$1,095 per month for health benefits of retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of Cod. Sec. P50.108-.109. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	8,561,636
Interest on net OPEB obligation		692,105
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	(102,281)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		9,151,460
Contributions made		(4,355,138)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		4,796,322
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		13,842,096
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	<u>\$</u>	18,638,418

See also the Required Supplementary Information.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2012 and preceding two years were as follows:

Fiscal Year <u>Ended</u>	<u>(</u>	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2010	\$	5,603,738	88.7%	\$ 8,109,646
June 30, 2011	\$	9,275,637	36.8%	\$ 13,842,096
June 30, 2012	\$	9,151,460	47.6%	\$ 18,638,418

As of June 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$74.1 million, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$74.1. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Plan) was \$194 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 39 percent. The OPEB plan is currently operated as a pay-as-you-go plan.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 1, 2012 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5 percent investment rate (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan on the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 4.0 percent. Both rates included a 3 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2012, was 30 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS)

During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2010, the District provided the option of a one-time Supplemental Employee Retirement Plan to the District employees. Employees under the SERP will receive monthly annuity benefits. The District is obligated to pay annual installments for the calculated benefits for employees under the SERP and for the administration of the plan.

The annual requirements to amortize the SERP liability outstanding as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>		
2013 2014 2015	\$	3,070,573 3,070,573 1,238,783
	<u> </u>	7,379,929

Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2012 is shown below:

	Balance July 1, <u>2011</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2012</u>	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General Obligation Bonds General Obligation Bonds	\$ 326,762,497	\$ -	\$ 6,551,000	\$ 320,211,497	\$ 6,115,000
Premium	4,819,103	-	287,850	4,531,253	287,850
Accreted interest	•	2,793,966	-	2,793,966	-
Certificates of Participation Certificates of Participation	51,045,936	-	1,530,055	49,515,881	3,424,390
Premium	150,355	-	6,096	144,259	6,096
Capitalized lease obligations	370,675	-	370,675	•	-
California Energy					
Commission Loan	189	-	189	-	-
Qualified Zone Academy					
Bonds	6,635,000	•	1,635,000	5,000,000	•
Charter School Loan	250,000	-	83,333	166,667	83,333
Redevelopment Agency					
Repayment	•	1,453,110	242,185	1,210,925	242,185
Post-employment healthcare					
benefits	13,842,096	9,151,460	4,355,138	18,638,418	-
PARS Liability	10,450,502	•	3,070,573	7,379,929	3,070,573
Compensated absences	<u>4,701,784</u>	-	132,189	4,569,595	<u>456,959</u>
	\$ 419,028,137	<u>\$ 13,398,536</u>	<u>\$ 18,264,283</u>	<u>\$ 414,162,390</u>	<u>\$ 13,686,386</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Payments on the General Obligation Bonds are made from the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. Payments on the Certificates of Participation are made from the Capital Facilities Fund. Payments on the capitalized lease obligations are made from the General Fund and Cafeteria Fund. Payments on the California Energy Commission Loan are made from the General Fund. Payments on the Qualitifed Zone Academy Bonds are made from the Debt Service Fund. Payments on the Charter School Loan are made from the Charter School Fund. Payments on the Redevelopment Agency Repayment are made from the General Fund. Payments on post-employment benefits, PARS liability and compensated absences are made from the fund for which the related employee worked.

8. RESTRICTED NET ASSETS / FUND BALANCE

Restricted net assets consisted of the following at June 30, 2012:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>
Restricted for unspent categorical			
program revenues	\$ 6,219,634	\$	-
Restricted for special revenues	13,984,167		-
Restricted for debt service	14,257,512		-
Restricted for capital projects	8,978,058		-
Restricted for self-insurance	2,117,223		-
Restricted for scholarships			<u>855,445</u>
Total restricted net assets	\$ 45,556,594	<u>\$</u>	855,445

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

RESTRICTED NET ASSETS / FUND BALANCE (Continued) ∞.

Fund balances, by category, at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

Total	72,500 1,043,403 1,428,760	2,544,663	6,219,634 103,707,275 13,650,897 19,311,839	142,889,645	1,174,597 35,584,952	36,759,549	5,932,942	\$188,126,799
All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	\$ 2,500 \$ 3,485 327,285	333,270	23,804,354 13,650,897 19,311,839	26,767,090		1	ı	\$ 57,100,360
Special Reserve <u>Fund</u>	116,119	116,119	53,663,823	53,663,823	1 1	•	1	\$ 53,779,942
Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	· · ·	•	26,239,098	26,239,098		·		\$ 26,239,098
General <u>Fund</u>	\$ 70,000 923,799 1,101,475	2,095,274	6,219,634	6,219,634	1,174,597 35,584,952	36,759,549	5,932,942	\$ 51,007,399
	Nonspendable: Revolving cash fund Prepaid expenses Stores inventory	Subtotal nonspendable	Restricted: Unspent categorical revenues Capital projects Special revenue programs Debt service	Subtotal restricted	Assigned: Redevelopment agency repayment Reserve for operations	Subtotal Assigned	Unassigned: Designated for economic uncertainty	Total fund balances

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

Plan Description and Provisions

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California 95811.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2011-2012 was 10.923% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, 2011 and 2012 were \$4,600,188, \$3,270,567 and \$5,089,028, respectively, and equal 100% of the required contributions for each year.

State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by STRS. The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. STRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the STRS annual financial report may be obtained from the STRS Executive Office, 100 Waterfront Place, West Sacramento, California 95605.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

9. **EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS** (Continued)

Plan Description and Provisions (Continued)

State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS) (Continued)

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2011-2012 was 8.25% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. The District's contributions to STRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2010, 2011 and 2012 were \$12,502,994, \$11,562,924 and \$11,562,625, respectively, and equal 100% of the required contributions for each year.

10. JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

The District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers agreements.

Northern California Regional Liability Excess Fund

The District is a member with other districts in San Joaquin County and the San Joaquin County Office of Education in Northern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (NCReLiEF) for the operation of a common risk management and insurance program. NCReLiEF is governed by a board consisting of representatives of member districts. The board controls the operations of NCReLiEF, including the selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board.

Condensed audited financial information for NCReLiEF for the year ended June 30, 2011 (the latest information available) is as follows:

Total assets	\$ 60,461,646
Total liabilities	\$ 34,033,515
Total net assets	\$ 26,428,131
Total revenues	\$ 37,499,909
Total expenditures	\$ 36,773,385
Change in net assets	\$ 726,524

School Project for Utility Rate Reduction

The District is also a member in School Project for Utility Rate Reduction (SPURR), which is a California joint powers authority, whose members are California public K-12 school districts, community college districts and county offices of education. SPURR provides members access to the wholesale natural gas market that would otherwise be unavailable to them.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

10. JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS (Continued)

School Project for Utility Rate Reduction (Continued)

Condensed audit information for SPURR for the year ended June 30, 2011 (the latest information available) is as follows:

Total assets	\$ 13,602,413
Total liabilities	\$ 7,404,396
Net assets	\$ 6,198,017
Total revenue	\$ 35,283,822
Total expenditures	\$ 34,848,206
Change in net assets	\$ 435,616

11. CONTINGENCIES

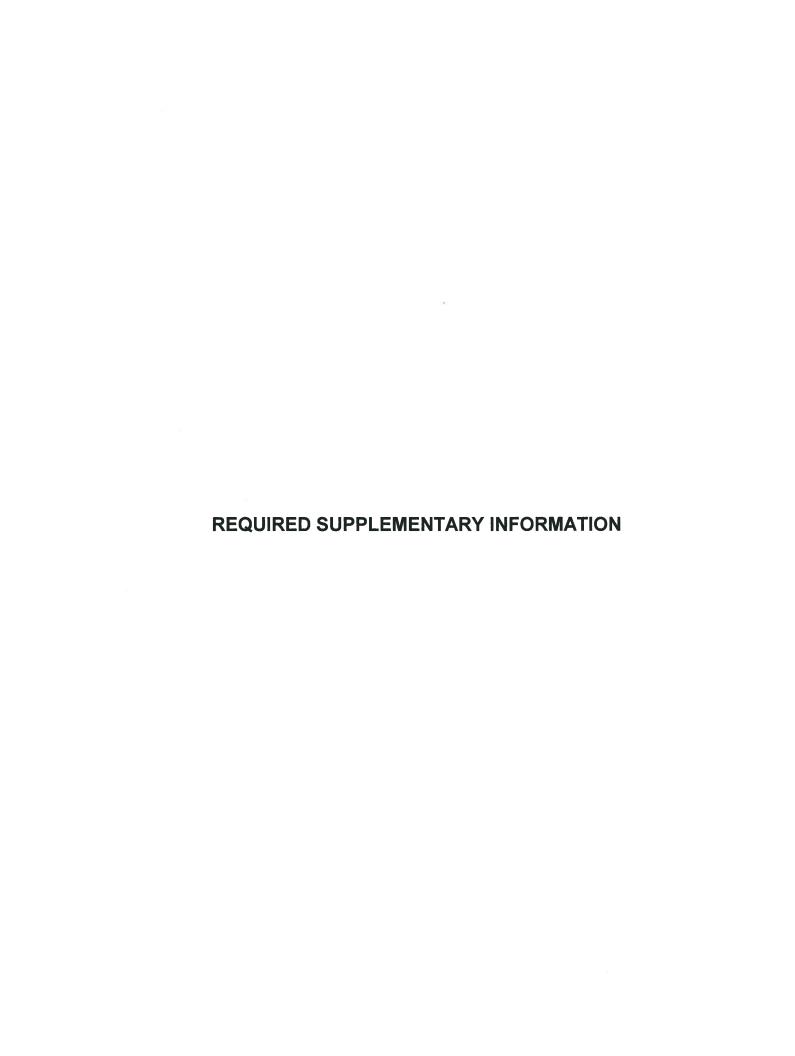
The District is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

The District has received federal and state funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is management's opinion that any required reimbursements of future revenue offsets subsequently determined will not have a material effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On July 2, 2012, the District issued \$34,010,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs) maturing on February 1, 2013, with an interest rate of 2.00%, to provide for anticipated cash flow deficits from operations. The TRANs are a general obligation of the District and are payable from revenues and cash receipts generated by the District during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

In October 2012, the District issued 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds totaling \$43,570,000. The Refunding Bonds are being issued to provide funds to refund all of the outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2000, Series 2001, Series 2003, Series 2004. The Refunding Bonds will bear an interest rate ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and mature through January 1, 2029.



GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Buc	dget		Variance
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Revenue limit sources:	f 440 400 500	¢ 447.007.504	f 440,000,577	(077.007)
State apportionment Local sources	\$ 142,498,592 29,384,246	\$ 147,037,584 25,831,589	\$ 146,660,577 25,875,896	\$ (377,007) <u>44,307</u>
Total revenue limit	171,882,838	172,869,173	172,536,473	(332,700)
Federal sources	37,284,440	62,689,272	45,899,198	(16,790,074)
Other state sources	69,580,431	80,454,352	79,464,792	(989,560)
Other local sources	4,733,320	6,722,434	6,449,989	(272,445)
Total revenues	283,481,029	322,735,231	304,350,452	(18,384,779)
Expenditures:				
Certificated salaries	132,874,486	136,853,149	135,828,638	1,024,511
Classified salaries	39,839,547	42,407,049	42,491,993	(84,944)
Employee benefits	65,153,005	71,823,373	71,955,790	(132,417)
Books and supplies	14,776,898	33,010,280	13,908,878	19,101,402
Contract services and operating				
expenditures	27,198,795	33,302,451	31,444,543	1,857,908
Capital outlay	18,689	29,298	803,343	(774,045)
Other outgo	150,000	153,456	153,456	
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	205,249	28,783	283,838	(255,055)
Interest	6,746	1,117	<u>24,575</u>	(23,458)
Total expenditures	280,223,415	317,608,956	296,895,054	20,713,902
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	3,257,614	<u>5,126,275</u>	7,455,398	2,329,123
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	1,073,824	2,138,214	1,114,494	(1,023,720)
Operating transfers out	(328,719)	(905,538)	(660,242)	245,296
Total other financing sources (uses)	745,105	1,232,676	454,252	(778,424)
Change in fund balance	4,002,719	6,358,951	7,909,650	1,550,699
Fund balance, July 1, 2011	43,097,749	43,097,749	43,097,749	
Fund balance, June 30, 2012	<u>\$ 47,100,468</u>	\$ 49,456,700	\$ 51,007,399	\$ 1,550,699

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FUNDING PROGRESS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

				Schedule of Fu	nding Progress			
Fiscal Year <u>Ended</u>	Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	٧	ctuarial alue of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded <u>Ratio</u>	Covered <u>Payroll</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>
6/30/2008	November 7, 2007	\$ 5.:	2 million	\$46.9 million	\$41.7 million	11%	\$210 million	19.9%
6/30/2009	June 1, 2009	\$	-	\$23.3 million	\$23.3 million	0%	\$211 million	11%
6/30/2010	May 3, 2010	\$	-	\$45.3 million	\$45.3 million	0%	\$189 million	24%
6/30/2011	June 19, 2011	\$	-	\$75.9 million	\$75.9 million	0%	\$191 million	40%
6/30/2012	June 1, 2012	\$	-	\$74.1 million	\$74.1 million	0%	\$194 million	39%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A - Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Education to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2012 were as follows:

Fund		Excess penditures
General Fund: Classified salaries	\$	84,944
Employee benefits Capital outlay	\$ \$	132,417 774,045

These excesses are not in accordance with Education Code 42600.

B - Schedule of Other Postemployment Benefits Funding Progress

The Schedule of Funding Progress presents multi-year trend information which compares, over time, the actuarially accrued liability for benefits with the actuarial value of accumulated plan assets.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS

June 30, 2012

ASSETS Cash in County Treasury Cash in County Treasury restricted for capital projects Cash on hand and in banks Cash with Fiscal Agent Receivables	Charter School Fund (09) \$ 93,139 \$	Adult Education Fund (11) \$ 408,087 \$ \$ - 2,000 - 1,721.513	Child Development Fund (12) \$ 133,050 \$	Cafeteria Fund (13) \$ 9,586,804 \$ \$ 2,500 - 448 - 2,500	Deferred Mainten- ance Fund (14)	Building Fund (21) \$ \$ - \$ 24,872,911	County School Facilities Fund (35)	Mello- Roos Fund (49)	Bond os Interest and os Redemption (49) Fund (51) 1,519 \$ 14,240,985 \$	Tax Override Fund (53) 13,155 \$	Sen	hice Total 3,366 \$ 24,505,377 24,872,911 24,827 5,054,327 8,041,115
Prepaid expenditures Store inventory Due from other funds	3,485	6,100	50,736	327,285		2,730		0.0				3,485 327,285 832,011
Total assets	\$ 5,389,506	\$ 2,137,700	\$ 300,120	\$ 11,586,106		\$ 24,888,743	25,926 \$	1,519	\$ 14,240,985	13,161 \$	5,057,693	\$ 63,641,459
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities: Accounts payable Deferred revenue Due to other funds	\$ 563,445 84,025 3,594,415	\$ 71,669 \$ 595 285,660	36,967 16,193 209,244	\$ 554,607 \$ 5,456 6,989		\$ 1,111,834 \$	φ		φ - ' ' φ	φ 		\$ 2,338,522 106,269 4,096,308
Total liabilities	4,241,885	357,924	262,404	567,052		1,111,834						6,541,099
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted	3,485	1,779,776	37,716	329,785 10,689,269		23,776,909	25,926	1,519	14,240,985	13,161	5,057,693	333,270 56,767,090
Total fund balances	1,147,621	1,779,776	37,716	11,019,054		23,776,909	25,926	1,519	14,240,985	13,161	5,057,693	57,100,360
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,389,506	\$ 5,389,506 \$ 2,137,700 \$	300,120 \$ 1	\$ 11,586,106		\$ 24,888,743	25,926 \$	1,519	1,519 \$ 14,240,985		13,161 \$ 5,057,693 \$ 63,641,459	63,641,459

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Charter School Fund (09)	Adult Education Fund (11)	Child Develop- ment Fund (12)	Cafeteria Fund (13)	Deferred Mainten- ance Fund (14)	Building Fund (21)	County School Facilities Fund (35)	Mello- Roos Fund (49)	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund (51)	Tax Override Fund (53)	Debt Service	Total
Revenues: Revenue limit sources: State apportionment Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	\$ 10,680,045 \$ 150,000 1,719,906		2,092 3,506,069 525	\$ 16,074,122 1,328,244 533,674		. uni	\$ - \$ 19,161,274	2	0.00 N		\$ 252,713	\$ 10,680,045 17,463,094 29,431,059 20,415,978
Total revenues	12,717,126	4,412,488	3,508,686	17,936,040	564	46,375	19,162,178	2	19,953,973	31	252,713	77,990,176
Expenditures: Certificated salaries Classified salaries Employee benefits Books and supplies	5,932,218 680,827 2,347,769 692,482	1,449,245 347,644 630,103 210,402	1,249,659 996,372 1,049,537 105,707	4,836,752 3,059,005 6,123,688	4 H C 1	- - 551,790	1 1 2 1	1 1 1 1		1121	1111	8,631,122 6,861,595 7,086,414 7,684,069
Contract services and operating expenditures Capital outlay	2,333,954 269,596	308,513 18,477	169,769	742,198 383,626	72,194	345,356 4,088,147	, ,	1 1			j j	3,971,984 4,759,846
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest	83,333 678			329,211 12,773				î. ı	6,551,000 11,915,155	ĩ i	1,635,000	8,598,544 12,074,882
Total expenditures	12,340,857	2,964,384	3,571,044	15,487,253	72,194	4,985,293			18,466,155		1,781,276	59,668,456
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	376,269	1,448,104	(62,358)	2,448,787	(71,630)	(4,938,918)	19,162,178	2	1,487,818	31	(1,528,563)	18,321,720
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	615,470 (214,764)	(93,221)	44,772 (149,616)	(656,893)		12,303,074	(19,161,274)		(1,416,268)_		1,416,268	14,379,584 (21,692,036)
Total other financing sources (uses)	400,706	(93,221)	(104,844)	(656,893)		12,303,074	(19,161,274)		(1,416,268)		1,416,268	(7,312,452)
Net change in fund balances	776,975	1,354,883	(167,202)	1,791,894	(71,630)	7,364,156	904	8	71,550	31	(112,295)	(112,295) 11,009,268
Fund balances, July 1, 2011	370,646	424,893	204,918	9,227,160	71,630	16,412,753	25,022	1,517	14,169,435	13,130	5,169,988	46,091,092
Fund balances, June 30, 2012	\$ 1,147,621	\$ 1,779,776	\$ 37,716	\$ 11,019,054	1	\$ 23,776,909	\$ 25,926 \$	1,519	\$ 14,240,985	\$ 13,161	\$ 5,057,693	\$ 57,100,360

ORGANIZATION

June 30, 2012

Stockton Unified School District was established on July 1, 1936. The District operates 42 elementary schools, 1 intermediate alternative school and 10 high schools, including Weber Institute of Technology, Stockton Early College Academy, Stockton Alternative High School, Merlo Institute of Environmental Technology, Pacific Law Academy and Stockton Health Careers Academy. The District also maintains an adult education school, a special education school, a continuation high school, an independent study program and a child development program. There were no changes in District boundaries during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

<u>Name</u>	Office	Term Expires
Sara L. Cazares	President	2014
Gloria Allen	Vice President	2012
Sal Ramirez	Member	2014
Jose A. Morales	Member	2012
Angel Jimenez, Jr.	Member	2012
David Varela	Member	2014
Steve Smith	Member	2014

ADMINISTRATION

Carl Toliver
Superintendent*

Julie Penn Deputy Superintendent

Wayne Martin Chief Business Official

Dr. Kirk Nicholas
Assistant Superintendent, Curriculum and Professional Development

Daniel Wright
Assistant Superintendent, Elementary Education

Mark Hagemann
Assistant Superintendent, Secondary Education

Craig Wells
Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources

^{*}Effective June 18, 2012, Dr. Steven Lowder became Superintendent of Stockton Unified School District.

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Second Period Report (Original)	Second Period Report (Audited)	Annual <u>Report</u>
DISTRICT			
Elementary: Kindergarten First through Third Fourth through Eighth Home and Hospital Special Education	2,999 8,185 12,391 1 840	2,999 8,183 12,390 1 840	3,005 8,175 12,375 1 844
Total Elementary	24,416	24,413	24,400
Secondary: Regular Classes Special Education Compulsory Continuation Education Home and Hospital Opportunity School	7,597 466 158 11 19	7,597 466 158 11 19	7,492 458 155 12 21
Total Secondary	8,251	8,251	<u>8,138</u>
	32,667	32,664	32,538
CHARTER SCHOOL - CLASSROOM BASE	D		
Nightingale Elementary Charter School Elementary: Kindergarten First through Third Fourth through Eighth	40 107 136	40 107 <u>136</u>	40 106 135
Pittman Elementary Charter School Elementary: Kindergarten First through Third Fourth through Eighth	76 215 <u>274</u>	76 215 <u>274</u>	75 212 <u>272</u>
Subtotal Classroom Based	<u>848</u>	<u>848</u>	840

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

(Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Second Period Report (Original)	Second Period Report (Audited)	Annual <u>Report</u>
CHARTER SCHOOL - CLASSROOM BASE	D (Continued)		
Primary Years Academy of International Edu Elementary:			
Kindergarten First through Third Fourth through Eighth	49 97 46	49 97 46	49 97 46
Stockton Health Careers Academy Secondary: Regular classes	119	119	118
Pacific Law Academy Secondary: Regular classes	201	201	201
Stockton Unified Early College Academy Secondary:			
Regular classes	349	349	345
Total Classroom Based	1,709	1,709	1,696
CHARTER SCHOOL - NON-CLASSROOM	BASED		
Stockton Alternative High Secondary:			
Regular classes	<u>195</u>	195	194
Total Non-classroom Based	195	195	194

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Grade Level	1986-87 Minutes Require- <u>ment</u>	1982-83 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	2011-12 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	Number of Days Traditional <u>Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
DISTRICT					
Kindergarten	36,000	31,500	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	50,250	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	50,250	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	50,250	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	53,850	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	53,850	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	53,850	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	58,500	56,700	180	In Compliance (1)
Grade 8	54,000	58,500	56,700	180	In Compliance (1)
Grade 9	64,800	64,980	65,020	180	In Compliance
Grade 10	64,800	64,980	65,020	180	In Compliance
Grade 11	64,800	64,980	65,020	180	In Compliance
Grade 12	64,800	64,980	65,020	180	In Compliance

⁽¹⁾ The District offers K-8 education, therefore, the actual number of minutes was reduced in the current year. The District is utilizing the weighted average method of calculating instructional minutes for seventh and eighth grades. Using the weighted average methodology, the District is in compliance with the instructional minutes requirements.

CHARTER SCHOOLS

Nightingale Elementary Charter School

Kindergarten	36,000	N/A	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	N/A	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	N/A	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	N/A	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	N/A	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	N/A	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	N/A	54,000	180	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	N/A	56,700	180	In Compliance
Grade 8	54,000	N/A	56,700	180	In Compliance
Pittman Elementary Charter Sch	ool				
Fittinan Elementary Charter Sch	<u>001</u>				
Kindergarten	36,000	N/A	54,000	180	In Compliance
		N/A N/A	54,000 54,000	180 180	In Compliance In Compliance
Kindergarten	36,000		•		•
Kindergarten Grade 1	36,000 50,400	N/A	54,000	180	In Compliance
Kindergarten Grade 1 Grade 2	36,000 50,400 50,400	N/A N/A	54,000 54,000	180 180	In Compliance In Compliance
Kindergarten Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 3	36,000 50,400 50,400 50,400	N/A N/A N/A	54,000 54,000 54,000	180 180 180	In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance
Kindergarten Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 3 Grade 4	36,000 50,400 50,400 50,400 54,000	N/A N/A N/A N/A	54,000 54,000 54,000 54,000	180 180 180 180	In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance
Kindergarten Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 3 Grade 4 Grade 5	36,000 50,400 50,400 50,400 54,000 54,000	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	54,000 54,000 54,000 54,000 54,000	180 180 180 180 180	In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance

See accompanying notes to supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME

(Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

<u>Grade Level</u>	1986-87 Minutes Require- <u>ment</u>	1982-83 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	2011-12 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	Number of Days Traditional <u>Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
CHARTER SCHOOLS (Conti	nued)				
Primary Years Academy of Inf	ternational Edu	<u>ıcationl</u>			
Kindergarten Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 3 Grade 4 Grade 5 Grade 6 Stockton Health Careers A		N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	54,000 54,000 54,000 54,000 54,000 54,000	180 180 180 180 180 180	In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance
Grade 9 Grade 10 Grade 11 Grade 12 Pacific Law Academy	64,800 64,800 64,800 64,800	N/A N/A N/A N/A	64,800 64,800 64,800 64,800	180 180 180 180	In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance
Grade 9 Grade 10 Grade 11 Grade 12	64,800 64,800 64,800 64,800	N/A N/A N/A N/A	64,800 64,800 64,800 64,800	180 180 180 180	In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance
Stockton Unified Early Coll	ege Academ	Y			
Grade 9 Grade 10 Grade 11 Grade 12	64,800 64,800 64,800 64,800	N/A N/A N/A N/A	64,800 64,800 64,800 64,800	180 180 180 180	In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Catalog <u>Number</u>	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Pass- Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Exp	deral eend- ires
U.S. Department	t of Education - Passed through California Department			
	0 1151 " 0 1			
84.027	Special Education Cluster: Special Education: IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	13379	\$ 6.	391,567
84.173	Special Education: IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619	13430		109,615
84.027A	Special Education: IDEA Preschool Local			
84.173A	Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611 (Age 3-5) Special Education: IDEA Preschool Staff Develop-	13682		252,070
	ment, Part B, Sec 619	13431		4,982
84.391	ARRA: Special Education, IDEA Part B, Sec 611, Basic Local Assistance	15003	1	332,373
84.391	ARRA: Special Education, IDEA Part B, Sec 611,			·
84.392	Preschool Local Entitlement ARRA: Special Education, IDEA, Part B, Sec 619,	15002		349,501
04.592	Preschool Grants	15000		<u>135,655</u>
	Subtotal Special Education Cluster		8,	<u>575,763</u>
	Title I Cluster:			
84.010	NCLB: Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income			
84.389	and Neglected ARRA: Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income	14329	19,	519,200
04.309	and Neglected	15005	2,	212,077
84.010	NCLB: Title I, Part D, Subpart 2, Local Delinquent			404.000
84.389	Programs ARRA: Title I, Part D, Local Delinquent Programs	14357 15009		191,236 26,951
04.309	ANNA. The I, Fall D, Local Delinquent Flograms	13009		20,931
	Subtotal Title I Cluster		21,	<u>949,464</u>
	Enhancing Education Through Technology Cluster:			
84.318	NCLB: Title II, Part D, Enhancing Education through Technology (EETT), Formula Grants	14334		153,344
84.386	ARRA: Title II, Part D, Enhancing Education through Technology	15019		<u>272,124</u>
	Subtatal Enhancing Education Through			
	Subtotal Enhancing Education Through Technology Cluster			<u>425,468</u>
				

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS

(Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Catalog <u>Number</u>	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Pass- Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Federal Expend- <u>itures</u>
U.S. Department of Education (of Education - Passed through California Department Continued)		
84.002A	Adult Education: Adult Basic Education and		
	Education State Leadership	14508	\$ 376,912
84.002	Adult Education: State Leadership Projects	13970	75,000
84.002	Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	13978	137,216
84.002A	Adult Education: English Literacy Civics Education		
	Local Grant	14109	261,812
	Subtotal Adult Education Cluster		850,940
	Oubtotal Addit Eddodton Oldston		000,010
84.186	NCLB: Title IV, Part A, Safe and Drug Free Schools		
0 100	and Communities, Formula Grants	14347	100,026
84.186	NCLB:Title IV, Part A, Safe and Drug Free Schools and		,
0 1. 100	Communities (SDFSC) - Technical Assistance	14348	239,191
	Subtotal NCLB, Title IV, Part A Cluster		339,217
84.181	Special Education IDEA Early Intervention, Grants,		
	Part C	23761	154,074
84.350A	Transition to Teaching Program	-	119,645
84.215	Smaller Learning Communities	-	500,142
84.196	NCLB: Title X, McKinney Vento Homeless Children		
	Assistance Grants	14332	38,406
84.060	Indian Education	10011	450,141
84.367	NCLB: Title I, School Improvement Grant (SIG) Cohort		
	2 L/A	15183	156,713
84.377	NCLB: Title II, Part A Improving Teacher Quality		
	Local Grants	14341	1,857,152
84.282A	NCLB: Title V, Part B, Public Charter Schools Grants	14941	150,000
84.365	NCLB Title III, Limited English Proficiency	14346	1,119,606
84.048	Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education:		.,,
0	Secondary, Section 131 (Vocational Education)	14894	419,468
84.184	Safe and Supportive Schools Programmatic Intervention		72,015
84.287	NCLB: Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community	0.01	. 2,0.0
04.207	Learning Centers Program	14349	1,758,360
84.330B	NCLB: Title I, Part G, Advanced Placement (AP)	14040	1,700,000
UT.JJUD	Test Fee Reimbursement Program	14,831	56,634
84.410	Education Jobs Funds	25152	6,878,186
04.410	Luucauoti Jobs Fulius	20102	0,070,100
	Total U.S. Department of Education		45,871,394

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS

(Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Catalog <u>Number</u>	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Pass- Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>		Federal Expend- <u>itures</u>
	of Health and Human Services - Passed through artment of Education			
93.778 93.501	Medi-Cal Billing Option Affordable Care Act (ACA) Grants for School-	10013	\$	456,228
	Based Health Centers Capital Program	-		44,383
	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Serv	vices		500,611
U.S. Department of Education	of Agriculture - Passed through California Department			
10.558 10.555	National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program (NSL Sec. 11)	13529 13396		6,909 15,802,161
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			15,809,070
U.S. Department	of Justice			
16.579	Gang Prevention	-		108,039
U.S. Department	of Defense			
12.357	ROTC Federal Funding	-	•	75,777
	Total Federal Programs		<u>\$</u>	62,364,891

RECONCILIATION OF UNAUDITED ACTUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	D:	ebt Service Fund
June 30, 2012 Unaudited Actual Financial Report Ending Fund Balance.	\$	3,787,250
Audit adjustment to properly reflect cash with fiscal agent held for repayment of Qualified School Construction Bonds.	_	1,270,443
June 30, 2012 Audit Financial Statements Ending Balance	<u>\$</u>	5,057,693

There were no audit adjustments proposed to any other funds of the District.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012 (UNAUDITED)

	(Budget)	2042	2044	2040
General Fund	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$ 291,296,871</u>	<u>\$ 305,464,946</u>	\$ 302,049,911	<u>\$ 314,444,775</u>
Expenditures Other uses and transfers out	298,384,995 110,631	296,895,054 660,242	296,946,780 1,487,860	323,686,833 <u>623,126</u>
Total outgo	298,495,626	297,555,296	298,434,640	324,309,959
Change in fund balance	<u>\$ (7,198,755)</u>	<u>\$ 7,909,650</u>	<u>\$ 3,615,271</u>	<u>\$ (9,865,184)</u>
Ending fund balance	<u>\$ 43,808,644</u>	\$ 51,007,399	\$ 43,097,749	\$ 39,482,478
Available reserves	<u>\$ 5,951,612</u>	\$ 5,932,942	<u>\$ 5,953,762</u>	\$ 7,273,085
Designated for economic uncertainties	<u>\$ 5,951,612</u>	\$ 5,932,942	\$ 5,953,762	<u>\$ 6,472,430</u>
Undesignated fund balance	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ 800,655</u>
Available reserves as percentages of total outgo	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.24%
All Funds				
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 400,476,004</u>	<u>\$ 414,162,390</u>	<u>\$ 419,387,338</u>	\$ 368,026,022
Average daily attendance at P-2, excluding Adult and Charter School	32,125	32,664	33,218	34,206

The General Fund fund balance has increased by \$1,659,737 over the past three years. The fiscal year 2012-2013 budget projects a decrease of \$7,198,755. For a district this size, the State of California recommends available reserves of at least 2% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the District has met this requirement.

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years, and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013.

Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$46,136,368 over the past two years, due primarily to the issuance of General Obligation Bonds, Charter School Revolving Loan and increases in the OPEB liability.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 1,542 over the past two years. The District anticipates a decrease of 539 ADA for the 2012-2013 fiscal year.

See accompanying notes to supplementary information.

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Charter Schools Chartered by District

Included in District Financial Statements, or Separate Report

Nightingale Elementary Charter School	Included in Charter Fund
Pittman Elementary Charter School	Included in Charter Fund
Primary Years Academy of International Education	Included in Charter Fund
Health Careers Academy	Included in Charter Fund
Pacific Law Academy	Included in Charter Fund
Stockton High School	Included in Charter Fund
Stockton Unified Early College Academy	Included in Charter Fund
Aspire Langston Hughes Academy	Separate Report
Aspire Rosa Parks Academy	Separate Report
California Virtual Academy at San Joaquin	Separate Report
Dr. Lewis Dolphin Stallworth Sr. Charter Schools	Separate Report
Stockton Collegiate International Elementary Charter School	Separate Report
Stockton Collegiate International Secondary Charter School	Separate Report
TEAM Charter School	Separate Report

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A - Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

B - Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District, and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206.

C - Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

OMB Circular A-133 requires a disclosure of the financial activities of all federally funded programs. This schedule was prepared to comply with A-133 requirements, and was prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The following schedule provides a reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues that have not been expended by June 30, 2012.

Description	CFDA <u>Number</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Total Federal revenues, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances		\$ 63,362,292
Add: Medi-Cal Billing Option from prior year awards NCLB: Title I, Part A Basic Grants Low Income and Neglected funds	93.778	129,858
spent in excess of award NSLP Funds spent from prior year	84.010	365,056
awards Less: NSLP funds received in excess of	10.558	4,817
expenditures Interest subsidy for qualified school	10.555	(271,961)
construction bonds	-	(385,940)
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities not spent	93.778	(839,231)
Total Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards		\$ 62,364,89 <u>1</u>

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(Continued)

1. **PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES** (Continued)

D - Reconciliation of Unaudited Actual Financial Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

E - Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis - Unaudited

This schedule provides information on the District's financial condition over the past three years and its anticipated condition for the 2012-2013 fiscal year, as required by the State Controller's Office. The information in this schedule has been derived from audited information.

F - Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule provides information for the California Department of Education to monitor financial reporting by Charter Schools.

2. EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM

Education Code Section 14502 requires certain disclosure in the financial statements of districts which adopt Early Retirement Incentive Programs pursuant to Education Code Sections 22714 and 44929. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the District did not adopt this program.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Board of Education Stockton Unified School District Stockton, California

We have audited the compliance of Stockton Unified School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies* (the "Audit Guide") to the state laws and regulations listed below for the year ended June 30, 2012. Compliance with the requirements of state laws and regulations is the responsibility of Stockton Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Stockton Unified School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the state laws and regulations listed below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Stockton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Stockton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

<u>Description</u>	Audit Guide <u>Procedures</u>	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
Attendance Reporting	6	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	3	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	3	Yes
Independent Study	23	No, see below
Continuation Education	10	Yes
Instructional Time:		
School Districts	6	Yes
County Offices of Education	3	No, see below
Instructional Materials:		
General requirements	8	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	1	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	1	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive Program	4	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	1	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	3	No, see below
Public Hearing Requirements - Receipt of Funds	1	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	8	No, see below
Exclusion of Pupils - Pertussis Immunization	2	Yes
Class Size Reduction Program:		
General requirements	7	Yes
Option one classes	3	Yes
Option two classes	4	No, see below
Districts with only one school serving K-3	4	No, see below

Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
4	Yes
5	Yes
6	No, see below
3	Yes
1	Yes
15	Yes
3	Yes
4	Yes
	Procedures 4 5 6 3 1 15 3

We did not perform procedures related to Independent Study because the District's reported ADA was below the materiality level that requires testing.

We did not perform any procedures related to Instructional Time for County Offices of Education because the District is not a County Office of Education.

We did not perform any procedures related to Early Retirement Incentive Program and Juvenile Court Schools because the District did not offer these programs in the current year.

The 2011-2012 School Accountability Report Cards specified by Education Code Section 33126 are not required to be completed, nor were they completed, prior to the completion of our audit procedures for the year ended June 30, 2012. Accordingly, we could not perform the portions of audit steps (a), (b) and (c) of Section 19837 of the 2011-2012 Audit Guide relating to the comparison of tested data from the 2011-2012 fiscal year to the 2011-2012 School Accountability Report Cards.

We did not perform any procedures related to Class Size Reduction Program - Option Two classes and Districts with only one school serving K-3 because the District does not offer Option Two, and the District has more than one school serving K-3.

We did not perform any procedures related to After School Education and Safety Program - Before School because the District does not operate a before school program.

As described in Finding 2012-03 in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs, Stockton Unified School District did not comply with the compliance requirements regarding Attendance Reporting. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for Stockton Unified School District to comply with state laws and regulations applicable to Attendance Reporting.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance with Attendance Reporting identified in the Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2012-03, Stockton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2012. Further, based on our examination, for items not tested, nothing came to our attention to indicate the Stockton Unified School District had not complied with the state laws and regulations.

Stockton Unified School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is included in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Education, management, the State Controller's Office, the California Department of Education and the California Department of Finance, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Crowe Horwath LLP

Crowe Horwath LLP

Sacramento, California December 13, 2012



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Stockton Unified School District Stockton, California

We have audited the financial statements of Stockton Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of Stockton Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Stockton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Stockton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of Stockton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2012-01, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness. We also identified certain matters involving internal control that we have communicated to management as identified in the Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2012-02.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2012-01 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Stockton Unified School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Stockton Unified School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are included in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the District's responses and, accordingly, express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Education, management, the California Department of Education, the California State Controller's Office and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Crowe Horwath Wl

Crowe Horwath LLP

Sacramento, California December 13, 2012



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Education Stockton Unified School District Stockton, California

Compliance

We have audited Stockton Unified School District's with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Stockton Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. Stockton Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Stockton Unified School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Stockton Unified School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Stockton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Stockton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Stockton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Stockton Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Stockton Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Stockton Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Education, management, the California Department of Education, the California State Controller's Office and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Crowe Hornath LLP

Crowe Horwath LLP

Sacramento, California December 13, 2012



SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year Ended June 30, 2012

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unqualified		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not consider to be material weakness(es)?	Yes No ed YesX None reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No		
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not consider to be material weakness(es)?	YesX No ed YesX None reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No		
Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
84.027, 84.027A, 84.173, 84.173A, 84.391, 84.392 84.010, 84.389 84.410 10.555	Special Education Cluster (including ARRA) NCLB: Title I Cluster (including ARRA) Education Jobs Funds National School Lunch Program		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	A \$ 1,870,947		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No		
STATE AWARDS			
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Qualified		

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2012

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2012-01 MATERIAL WEAKNESS - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (30000)

Criteria

Internal Control - Recording of Financial Activity - Departure from GAAP

Condition

The General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2008, Series B, Qualified School Construction Bonds, require payments made by the District to be held and set aside by a fiscal agent until the debt liability is liquidated at a later date. The district misinterpreted this requirement and recorded the payment in the accounting records as a reduction of the debt liability. The actual cash payment was received and is presently held by the fiscal agent.

Effect

The District has understated cash with fiscal agent and overstated debt service expenditures in the Debt Service Fund.

Cause

Adequate internal control procedures were not in place to identify the misstatement.

Fiscal Impact

Debt Service Fund cash with fiscal agent and ending fund balance were understated by \$1,270,443.

Recommendation

The District should establish internal control procedures to ensure that financial activities relating to long-term debt are recorded properly and allow for proper financial statement presentation. Internal control procedures should also be established to allow for an oversight and monitoring function on the financial activities performed on the District's behalf by related agencies.

Corrective Action Plan

The District has established a committee to review payments on long-term debt and ensure that payments are properly recorded. The committee will establish internal control procedures to monitor the financial activities performed for the District by related agencies

The District will consult, as necessary, with the independent auditors or the County Office of Education regarding long-term debt related questions.

The District is considering the monitoring of long-term debt issuances through the District's computerized financial system to have better control over this aspect of the District's financial activities.

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2012

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

(Continued)

2012 - 02 DEFICIENCY - ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (30000)

Criteria

Education Code Section 48930 (and California Department of Education's "Accounting Procedures for Student Organizations Handbook") requires student body organizations to follow the regulations set by the Governing Board of the school district.

Condition

At Franklin High School for testing of the Associate Student Body financial activity, we noted the following:

- No formal review of student store inventories to determine propriety as to character and quantities.
- Profit and loss statements are not produced for the student store until year end.
- Monthly reports of financial activity are not sent to individual clubs and/or ASB advisors.

At Harrison Elementary School for testing of the Associate Student Body financial activity, we noted the following:

• The prenumbered ripoff strip for the cash collection bag sent the District did not include the date, amount, or who counted the cash.

At Wilson Elementary School for testing of the Associate Student Body financial activity, we noted the following:

 No notation on the invoice or other supporting documentation indicating receipt of materials or services.

Effect

ASB funds could potentially be misappropriated.

Cause

Adequate internal control procedures have not been implemented and enforced.

Fiscal Impact

Not determinable.

Recommendation

- Student store inventories should be reviewed periodically to determine propriety as to character and quantities.
- Student store profit and loss statements should be produced on a quarterly basis and these profit and loss statements should be reviewed by an individual with the proper authority.
- Monthly reports should be sent to individual clubs and/or the ASB advisors in charge of those clubs.

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2012

2012 - 02 DEFICIENCY - ASSOCIATED STUDENT BODY (30000) (Continued)

Recommendation (Continued)

- All cash collected should be dually counted and noted on the prenumbered rip-off strips
 for the cash collection bags by the individuals performing the dual custody cash-count,
 the amount of cash counted, and the date the cash was counted.
- All materials or services received should be counted to ensure that the goods or services ordered are the goods and services received. Specifically, the appropriate personnel should indicate receipt on the vendor's invoice or packing slip before payment is made.

Corrective Action Plan

The District provided Associated Student Body training to school site clerical staff on July 31, 2012. Training included the review of internal control procedures for cash receipts and cash disbursements, best business practices, the operation of a student store, and the review of the exceptions noted by the auditors during their testing. Site specific training is also provided as needed. The District recommends school sites utilize the 2012 Associated Student Body Accounting Manual, Fraud Prevention Guide and Desk Reference prepared by the Fiscal Crisis and Management Assistance Team (FCMAT) to better understand accounting procedures for the Associated Student Body account. The District's Internal Audit staff welcomes questions from school sites on internal control procedures and site specific matters.

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2012

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2012

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2012 - 03 DEFICIENCY - ATTENDANCE REPORTING (10000)

Criteria

Attendance Accounting and Reporting in California Public Schools, Title 5, CCR, Section 401 and 421 (b) and Education Code Section 44809 – Each LEA must develop and maintain accurate and adequate records to support the attendance reported to the state.

Condition

- At Harrison Elementary two students were improperly included for a total misstatement of 2 days.
- At Wilson Elementary one student was improperly included for a total misstatement of 1 day.

Effect

The effect of this finding is an extrapolated overstatement of 1.76 ADA.

Cause

The errors were the result of clerical errors in accounting for attendance...

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact of the error is \$11,514.

Recommendation

The District should revise and resubmit the Second Period Report of Attendance removing the disallowed attendance.

Corrective Action Plan

The District adjusted the Second Period Report of Attendance prior to closing the books for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The District holds monthly training meetings with school site staff working on attendance accounting to review the use of the District's electronic attendance system, internal control and recordkeeping procedures, and review of timelines for the submission of school site attendance reports.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Year Ended June 30, 2012

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	District Explanation If Not Implemented
2011-01	Partially implemented.	See current year finding 2012-02.
 At various school sites selected for testing of the Associated Student Body financial activity, we noted the following: Deposit slips are not signed by the site Principal to evidence performance of review. No tally or cash count sheet is prepared to support the collection of cash receipts. Revenue Potential Form was not used to formally document the approval of new fundraising activities. Monthly student store sales report had no evidence of review by the ASB Coordinator. We recommend the school sites with ASB activity implement the following control procedures: Review of deposit slips should be formally documented by the site Principal. Tally sheets or cash count sheets should be used to record the amount of cash receipts. Approval of new revenue producing activities should be formally documented on the Revenue Potential Form by the site Principal. Review of store sales report should be formally documented by the ASB Coordinator. 		
Documentation of review of the items listed above should include a signature or initial and date the document was reviewed.		

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

(Continued)
Year Ended June 30, 2012

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	District Explanation If Not Implemented
During our performance of the regular and special day testing we noted the following: At Hamilton Elementary, one student was marked present on 8/13/10; however, per inspection of Log Sheet, parent had called in to excuse the student's absence for that date. Resulting in a misstatement of 1 day. At Huerta Elementary, one student was marked present on 9/16/10; however, per inspection of Log Sheet, parent had called in to excuse the student's absence for that date. Resulting in a misstatement of 1 day. At Pulliam Elementary, a student's parent had called in to excuse absence for 1/10/11 – 1/14/11. However, the student was only marked absent for 1/12/11 and 1/14/11. Resulting in a misstatement of 3 days.	Partially implemented.	See current year finding 2012-03.
The District should revise the Second Period Report of Attendance removing the disallowed ADA		